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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, &c.,
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Pure food associations are increasing in number rapidly.

Over $15,000,000 of English capita have been invested in southeastern Kentucky, and a great iron centre is being built up.

There are many signs, announces the New York *Sun* that Mahdism is doomed to perish, and that even without foreign interference the power of the Soudanese pretender is falling to pieces.

Some people, thinks the Boston *Advertiser*, might possibly become firm believers in the Lower California gold discoveries from the following chronological table: California, 1849; Pike's Peak, 1859; Nevada, 1869; Leadville, 1879 and ? 1889.

There are several counties in Texas which, without special taxation, will receive next year from $25 to $40 of school money for each pupil. Nowhere else in the world, declares the New York *Tribune*, can such ample provision for education be found.

Says the New York *Telegram*: "The city of Waterloo, Iowa, has elected an ignorant cobbler for Mayor. His candidacy was regarded as a joke, but so many voted for him 'just for the fun over the thing,' that he had 100 majority over a respectable lawyer, who was the nominee of a citizens' caucus."

There seems, says the New York *Telegram*, to be no way of saving Coney Island from utter destruction. For the past ten years, every time old Ocean's bosom heaved and the waves lashed against the beach, whole tons of pretty white sand would be swallowed up until now one year more is all that is necessary for the East End of the island to be literally eaten up.

The French government has become alarmed at the cheapness with which saccharine may be produced from coal tar. It considers that the competition of that substance with cane and beet sugar is dangerous to the health of the community, and it is said that it is already being extensively used as an adulterant. To remedy this evil a measure has been passed absolutely prohibiting the importation of saccharine and saccharine substances.

Philadelphia, we learn from the New York *Press*, is the greatest carpet centre in the world. Yet within the memory of men now in the prime of life, this immense industry had its beginning with John Bromley, who worked two carpet looms in a small building. From this beginning the carpet industry has grown until there are now in Philadelphia 172 establishments, occupying over 200 large structures as factories, working 7,350 looms and employing 17,800 workmen. These forces produced in the aggregate during last year 71,500,000 yards of carpets, worth very nearly $48,000,000.

The New York *World* says: Governor Biggs, of Delaware, has respited William J. Calhoun, sentenced to be hanged, until April, 1914. Doubtless the Executive intended to do the condemned man a kindness, but Calhoun has really been placed in a position of prolonged suspense more wearing than if the suspension had taken place according to the original programme. To linger on for a quarter of a century watching the changing styles of capital punishment and wondering for twenty-five years what kind of a man will be Governor of Deleware in 1914 is a fate far from enviable.

The *Neueste Nachrichten aus dem Morgenland*, a German newspaper published in Palestine, states that the city of Jerusalem is growing in size and population at a remarkable rate. The Jews are the most prominent builders, and churches, gardens and institutes of various kinds are taking the place of the desolate neighborhoods which were formerly so frequent. Russians, Greeks and Armenians are also contributing largely to the growth of the ancient city. The former have constructed a lofty tower on the crown of the Mount of Olives, from the summit of which both the Mediterranean and the Dead sea are visible. Catholic and other churches are being built in numbers, and altogether a spirit of enterprise is manifest such as has not been seen in the city of David for centuries.

A peculiar decision has been reached by a lower court in Broome county, N. Y., in a liquor case, observes the Washington *Star*, "which if sustained in the courts above will serve as a good substitute for prohibitory liquor laws. A saloon keeper sold liquor to a man already intoxicated, and in his drunken craze he shot and killed three men. The widow of one of them sued the saloon keeper for $5000 damages for the loss of her husband. The jury found for the plaintiff, giving her about a quarter of the damages asked. Other suits will follow this one. The saloon keeper endeavored to prove that he was not responsible for the drunken man's intoxication, and that he had bought liquor elsewhere. But the court held that one glass was enough to establish responsibility for the condition of the drunken man."

A Pig in the Fence.

Didst never observe when a pig in the fence
Sends forth his most pitiful shout,
How all of his neighbors betake themselves thence
To punish him ere he gets out?
What a hubbub they raise, so that others afar,
May know his condition, and hence
Come running to join them in adding a scar
To the pig that is fast in the fence?
Well, swine are not all of the creatures that be,
Who find themselves sticking between
The rails of the fence, and who strive to get free,
While the world is still shoving them in;
Who find that the favor they meet with depends,
Not on worth, but on dollars and cents;
And that 'tis but few who will prove themselves friends
To the pig that is fast in the fence.
—*Boston Globe.*

BETSEY'S LITTLE GIRL.

Upon the whole, I liked my little house very much.

I do not deny that it had been a sort of experiment, my buying that solitary cottage among the sand-dunes of the Long Island coast, where the breakers of the Atlantic washed the shore, and one tall lighthouse kept its fiery watch on the long tongue of land which people called "The Devil's Point." But the doctor had told me that sea-air and quiet were what I needed, and here surely, I should find them both.

It was a very old-fashioned house, with low ceilings, small, lozenge-paned windows and wainscoted rooms.

The little parlor was in front, looking out upon the ocean. Beyond this was a small room in which I decided to put my sewing-machine and writing-desk; then came a long, dark hall, also wainscoted on either side, and lighted only by odd, little, round windows, placed high up; and the kitchen—a sort of wing—finished the lower part of the house.

The second story was a mere attic, but it served very well for bed-rooms for me and Betsey Balmford, my servant.

"S'pose it's altogether safe for you two women to live all alone out here?" said Old Peter Smith, whose itinerant wagon served us with butcher's meat, groceries, kerosene, and all sorts of things, every other day.

"Of course it's safe," said I. "Why not?"

"Sort o' lonesome, ain't it?" squeaked Old Peter.

"We came here for quiet and rest."

"And s'pose," added Old Peter, "you should be sick. There ain't no family lives nearer than The Devil's Point, an' that's three good miles away."

"But we don't propose to be sick," said I.

The longer I stayed in the cottage, the more I was pleased.

The sunsets across the plain of waters were things of constantly-changing beauty: the air was full of saline freshness; my walks along the beach were delightful.

I read and rested, and felt myself growing stronger with every day, while Betsey in the kitchen was reducing things to the apple-pie order that was dear to her soul.

One evening, just at dusk, I rang my bell a little impatiently. Betsey's round, red face presently appeared in the doorway.

"Betsey," said I, "what child have you got out there?"

"There ain't no child, ma'am," said Betsey.

"I am sure I heard a child's voice."

Betsey stared fixedly at me.

"I guess likely, Miss Emma, it was me, a-blowin' out at the cat," said she. "I left a pan o' milk on the window-sill, and that blamed creetur broke a pane o' glass, humpin' through to get at it, and putty's one of the things I didn't think to put into the till of the tool-box when we packed up."

"Well," said I, "I wish you'd be a little quieter with your cat."

"I will, ma'am," said Betsey Balmford.

A few minutes later, as I sat dreamily at the window, a light-running figure seemed to pass between me and the purpling glow of the sky—the figure of a child, with its fair hair blowing back like an aureole and both its hands stretched out toward the sunset.

"There!" said I. "I knew it!"

I jumped up, and ran out toward the beach. I was almost certain I saw the track of tiny footsteps on the damp sand; but as I gazed the incoming tide cast a fringe of shells and seaweed at my feet, and at the same time swept away all traces of aught else.

"It's very strange," I thought. "I must have been doing what poor Aunt Eunice used to accuse me of—dreaming with my eyes open!"

The next morning but one, Old Peter was not perched on his load, as usual. Abigail, his wife, occupied the hard, buffalo-robed seat, and wielded whip and reins.

"My ole man's down with rheumatiz," said she. "It does seem as if he allays selected the most onconvenient times and seasons. I've got some nice soft-shell clams this morning, Miss Gray, and some of my own home-baked bread. And I thought likely your crackers would be out by this time."

"They is, ma'am," said Betsey Balmford, giving my skirt an admonitory pull.

I frowned.

"It seems to me," said I, "that we are eating more crackers than usual. There are only two of us."

Betsey shrugged her shoulders.

"Two must eat," said she, "as well as two and twenty."

And she went back into the kitchen.

"Hired help? Sort o' sot in he ways," said Mrs. Smith, "ain't she?"

"She is a very good, faithful servant," said I, referring to my list of articles needed.

"How d'ye like it here?" questioned Abigail, as she measured out a modicum of condensed milk.

"Very well," I responded, secretly wondering how many times I had already answered the question.

"Hain't seen nothin' queer 'bout the place, hev ye?"

"Queer?" I repeated. "What should I see—queer?"

Abigail Smith craned her neck to look beyond me into the long, wainscoted entry.

"Hired help can't hear me, can she?" whispered she, mysteriously.

"What do you mean?"

"Wal, it was a sister-in-law o' mine lived here, ten year ago," said Abigail, with the self-satisfied air of one who has a tail to unfold, "as told me there was strange sights and sounds. Hain't the hired help said nothin' to you about it?"

"No."

"It's just as well, mebbe," said Abigail, gathering up her reins and preparing to drive on.

I stopped her with an imperative gesture.

"Stop!" said I. "I insist upon an explanation. There must be some meaning to your words. What is it?"

"Old Miles Moneygale built the house," said Abigail Smith. "He and his wife were dreadful queer folks. They had a little niece lived with 'em as people said had money of her own—a likely child with long yellow hair and the prettiest complexion you ever seen. One night they found her dead at the foot of the cellar steps. Miles Moneygale was the heir, and they sold the house and moved out west, and lived like rich people arter that. But folks allays calcerlated—mind, though, there wan't no proof of it—that there was foul play; that that child never came to her end by fair means. And every family that's lived here sence, they've seen a little child, where there wan't nothin' but sea and sky. And they've been most sure they heard a child's voice cryin' out, down cellar."

I felt myself growing chill all over, but somehow I contrived to utter the word:

"Nonsense!"

"That's what I tell 'em," said Abigail, the wife of Peter. "How could it be? But, all the same, that's one reason it ain't been easy to sell the place. I wouldn't let the hired help know if I was you. They're dreadful apt to be superstitious, hired help is. Nothing more to-day? Wal, good-mornin'!"

And shaking the reins above the drowsy pony's back, she drove away, leaving me standing there on the threshold in a sort of maze.

Of course it was nonsense—superstition—the outcome of foolish nursery tales; but, for all that, it made me feel uncomfortable.

However, in the intense morning sunshine, I manage to laugh it away. When the night came on, dark and loaded with the ominous murmurings of a coming storm, things assumed quite a different aspect.

I was half sorry that I had bought the cottage. I began to wonder whether it would be possible to dispose of it without any actual loss. And—this is the strangest of all—as I sat there I heard the unmistakable sound of a child's half-smothered laugh.

"I will not endure this!" I cried, starting with nervous energy to my feet. "I'll go and sit with Betsey in the kitchen first."

The door leading into the kitchen was fastened, but the bolt was old and rusted, and gave way instantly before the pressure of my hand.

I found myself in the cheerful lighted room, where Betsey Balmford sat at her needle-work, with a little, fair-haired child playing with some scallop-shells at her feet.

I looked incredulously from one to the other.

"Betsey," said I, "what is this?"

Betsey's work dropped to her feet; she rose up as stiff as a hop-pole.

"Ma'am," said she, "I knowed you'd find it out, sooner or later, and mebbe it's jest as well sooner. I can't say I'm sorry, for it's nothin' more than my bounden duty I've been doing. But I've felt dreadful guilty, with this baby in the house, and me a-keepin' a secret from you. And if you say go, why go it must be!"

While she spoke, the fair-haired child looked smilingly up into my face.

"Betsey," said I, faintly, "who is this?"

"It's my brother's child, ma'am," said Betsey. "A poor little orphan, as has no one to care for her but me. When we lived in the city, ma'am, I could see her every day, when I went out of errands or when my work was done at night. I hired her boarded with the Widow Baker, a motherly soul as ever was; but when I come out here I missed her more than tongue can tell; and what was I to do, ma'am, for all I knowed you wasn't fond of children,—when one night little Flora made her appearance at this very door? And the child had walked, ma'am, if you please, all the way from New York, askin' her way here and there, and once in a way gettin' a lift from a wagon. And I've kept her hid away among the sand-dunes in the day times, and took her in my own bed of nights. And once I had to shut her down cellar, that rainy day she couldn't go out, and you was in the house all day. And there was her keep, to be sure—you may remember yourself noticin' how the victuals got away—but I've eaten as little as I could myself, and I've been very economical about other things."

Betsey looked imploringly at me. Little Flora laughed silently over her sea-shells.

"Betsey," said I, "you have done right—perfectly right—except in using any concealment. You ought to have told me everything."

"I was 'fraid you wouldn't want a child racketin' about the house," said Betsey, humbly. "But indeed Flora is very quiet."

"She may stay," said I. "And you needn't hide her away, Betsey. You and I are neither of us very young. It may do us good to have a little one about the house."

To my infinite amazement, my hard-featured, cold-mannered servant took my hand in hers, and bent down her lips to kiss it, as if it had been the hand of a saint.

"The Lord be good to you, ma'am," said Betsey, with tears in her hard, middle-aged eyes, "an' if I live to be a hundred years old, I'll never forget this of you. But, Miss Emma, there's something else I ought to tell you!"

"What is it, Betsey?"

"I shouldn't never 'a tried to hide the girl away, if I hadn't heard a story of how the cottage was haunted by the ghost of a little child as came to a violent end in this very house. Thinks I to myself, there's always the ghost to put any unusual sights or sounds off on."

I smiled to think of the secret I had been trying to hide from Betsey.

"So you knew about the ghost, Betsey?" said I.

"La, ma'am! I've heard the story half a dozen times over," answered my handmaiden.

"And you were not afraid?"

"I know there ain't no such things," calmly responded Betsey. "It's live folk I'm afeard of, ma'am, not dead ones. Me afeard? I guess not!"

"Well, Betsey, said I, cheerfully, "I know of no better recipe to drive a shadow out of the house than to put a reality into it. Little Flora shall exorcise the ghost! Come here, baby, and kiss me! Your eyes are just the color of the sea at mid-day!"

From that day forward the cottage was like a different place. Little Flora brightened it up, as if her eyes had been real stars, instead of "make-believe" ones. No more ghostly shadows crept across the threshold.

I took the child's education at once into my own hands, thus passing away many a weary hour, and I am now seriously contemplating a legal adoption of the pretty plaything.

But all the gossiping neighbors are as much exercised as ever as to how "that city lady" can bear to live in a haunted house on the seashore. Nor do I believe that I could ever make them understand the complicated network of my thoughts and feelings; so I shall not try.—*Saturday Night.*

Glass Eyes for Animals.

"Yes," said a New York optician the other day, "we have glass eyes for animals as well as for human beings. I am not speaking of the same kind of eyes that are used by taxidermists in stuffing animals but of those used for live creatures. A pet dog or a cat is liable to loose its eye through an accident just the same as yourself might. Field and sporting dogs are especially subject to injury and it spoils a beast's appearance to lose an eye just the same as it does a man's. They can be put in very readily and easily matched. We have blue eyes and green eyes, chocolate colored eyes, and sulphur colored eyes. A well made eye costs about five dollars and will last a lifetime. We have eyes for horses too, that sell for about the same price. Do animals take kindly to glass eyes? Oh yes, they are just as proud of them as they are of new collars or silver trappings."

A Unique Club House.

Lexington, Ga., can boast of the most unique club house in the world. The young men of that town built a log hut, which they chincked with clay, making it as snug and tight as a palace. At one end is an enormous open fire place feeding up to a primitive chimney. The club, which embraces the best young men, has a weekly supper. The day before the supper a huge wood fire is built in the fireplace, and the next evening there is a bed of coals and ashes that a king might envy. The birds, fish, 'possum and oysters are cooked in the glowing ashes, and some wonderful bits of gastronomy they turn out.

How Big Birds are Fed.

Sunday is the feast day for the birds of prey that live in the bird cages at the Zoological Garden, says the Philadelphia *Record*. While their favorite dish would scarcely repose with grace upon an American dining table, it is regarded as a dainty morsel by the slant-eyed sons of Confucius. His favorite dish is white rat. The Chinaman likes it cooked, but the big condors, vultures and eagles prefer it served raw and whole.

The birds await their Sunday feast of white rats with ravenous impatience and many valiant struggles for the toothsome rat take place within the cage. Head Keeper Byrne sets his traps for white rats all over the gardens and when Sunday comes he repairs to the cage with the feast. Immediately upon scenting his approach the birds began to screech, and their inclosure is a confused mass of flapping wings and gaping beaks.

The rats are thrown in alive one by one, and with lightning quickness a sharp-hooked beak buries itself in the rodent's flesh as soon as his body touches the ground. The big ones get the choice and feast in peace until the smaller hawks get their eyes on the prey. Then, with a swoop, they snatch the morsel from the larger birds, and an interesting struggle ensues between agility and strength. When several rats are thus being contested for the conflict is bloody, and, as Keeper Byrne puts it, there are enough flying feathers to start a feather foundry. A reporter witnessed such a scene last Sunday and it took the fifty birds about twenty minutes to fight over and dispose of a bushel of white rats.

Snake Antics.

It is not often that a newspaper man comes across two true snake stories in one day, but a reporter heard of two which are well authenticated. Mr. Cyrenius Hall, the artist, has a summer home at Isle of Hope. Three weeks ago Mrs. Hall, to encourage her hens to lay, bought a half dozen china nest eggs and placed them in their nests. On looking for them a few days after, they were not to be found nor were there any sugar bowls or tea sets about to show that the china eggs had hatched. The disappearance of the eggs was a mystery until one day last week a chicken snake was killed on Mr. Hall's farm and two china eggs were found inside of it. His snakeship had been doubtless suffering from dyspepsia for several weeks.

Mr. Hall's snake experience did not end with the eggs, however. That gentleman has a large cat, which is said to be one of the best and bravest of the feline species. A few nights ago the cat was locked in the store room. During the night a terrific noise was heard emanating from the room, and it was supposed that a strange cat had gotten in and the house cat was trying to put it out. Mr. Hall went to the place and let the cat (or, as he supposed, two cats) out. In the morning a large, headless black snake was found in the store room. It had evidently attacked the cat, and true to its constrictor instincts, tried to crush it, but the cat gnawed the snake's head off and escaped.—*Savannah News.*

Kept Their Remarkable Vow.

For two years or more three familiar figures have not been seen on the streets of St. Louis, and now comes a strange story about their mysterious disappearance. They are Colonel Celcus Price and his brother, Quintius Price, sons of the famous confederate general, "Pap" Price, and Dr. Sylvester Nidelet, at one time coroner of the city of St. Louis. There was a warm intimacy between the trio, who devoted considerable time together to psychic research and the explanation of the infinite. The three friends had by their long study of the mysteries of the universe reached a state of exaltation that was absolute belief in the power of the divine. A near and dear relative of Colonel Price, a lady now living and well known in Missouri, Mrs. Willis, was compelled to undergo a dangerous surgical operation in New York. The three friends on their knees at the bedside registered a vow that if the lady be spared they would devote the remainder of their lives to the propagation of the holy truths in which they believed, would renounce the world, and work for the spiritual elevation of mankind. The lady lived and the trio kept their vows. They preached on the streets, and were last seen by a nephew of Colonel Price engaged in that calling in Buffalo, N. Y.

This is the story told by relatives and friends, and the prominence of the parties has attracted much attention and caused a great deal of comment upon the strange story.—*Chicago News.*

The Route Samoan News Travels.

The shortest way of obtaining news from the Samoan Islands is by way of Auckland, cables to Sydney, Australia, overland to Port Darwin, cable to Batavia, Singapore and Penang, thence to Bombay, cable to Aden, up through the Red Sea to Suez, and Port Said, under the Mediterranean to France, then by the Eastern Telegraph company to London, and cable to New York. It is a five days' voyage from Apia to Auckland for a message, and about fifty minutes for the rest of its electric journey to New York.

THE SAMOAN DISASTER.

Particulars About the Wrecking of Our Ships at Apia.

Survivors Bring the Story of the Great Calamity.

The steamer Alameda arrived in San Francisco bringing advices from Apia, Samoa up to March 30.

The steamer stopped at the Samoan capital and took off many of the shipwrecked sailors.

Among those who came upon the Alameda were Chief Cadet Robert Stocker and Cadets Hibbs, Decker, Wells, Cloke, Sackland, Lejure, Wiley and Logan, and Dr. Cordes, all of the Vandalia. Lieutenant Ripley came on the Alameda, with thirty men, but stopped at Honolulu.

The hurricane which cost so many lives at Samoa began about 2 o'clock on Saturday morning, March 16, and lasted until Sunday at a little after 5 o'clock in the morning.

The Eber, the German vessel, was the first to be wrecked. She broke up in pieces in a few minutes, only one officer and four men being saved. Her guns, which were of great weight, probably assisted in smashing her so quickly.

Shortly afterward the Adler (German) also drifted on the same reef a little further westward. She was lifted high and dry, and is now lying on her port side high and dry, only a few feet of her side being under water at high tide. In all twenty men were lost from the Adler.

The United States steamer Nipsic was the next on the list of casualties. It was observed from the shore that she would not be able to hold out. She was drifting toward the reef, and at about nine o'clock she headed for the shore and just touched the points of the reef with her rudder, which was carried away, together with her stern post, but, by the skillful management of the captain and officers they succeeded in beaching her on the sand. Great credit is due for the manner in which the Nipsic was handled, for if she had gone on the reef a larger number of lives would undoubtedly have been lost.

As it is seven men were drowned, but all would have been saved if they had stuck to the ship.

Early in the morning the Olga collided with the Nipsic, doing the latter considerable damage, carrying away her smokestack, steam launch, whaleboat and part of her bulwarks. On account of the smokestack being broken off the furnaces would not draw to keep a full head of steam on. Excepting for this accident the Nipsic, which had powerful engines, might have rode out the gale in safety.

On Thursday morning the Nipsic was successfully floated out to her old anchorage. Her propeller is too much injured to be repaired in Samoa, and her rudder is gone.

The Vandalia was the most unfortunate vessel of the United States Squadron. She drifted, about 9 o'clock, near to the Calliope and the Olga came into collision with both. The Calliope struck her with great force on the port, doing considerable damage. The Vandalia still continued drifting almost in company with the Calliope, but the latter vessel, having lost nearly all her anchors, got full steam up and went steadily out to sea.

The captain of the Vandalia, seeing no hope of saving his ship, headed her for the shore, and in endeavoring to reach the sandy beach unfortunately struck the reef, and filled and sank before she could beach, within about fifty yards from the stern of the Nipsic.

The captain, paymaster, paycler, lieutenant of marines and many men were washed overboard. The vessel was completely submerged, and all hands had to take to the rigging, where they remained until the Trenton was driven alongside about 8 o'clock in the night, when most of the officers and crew got on the Trenton, excepting Lieutenant Ripley, who jumped into the sea just before the mast gave way, and with great difficulty swam to the shore. He then procured a whaleboat, and, with the aid of Samoans, got a line out to the wreck. The loss of life in the Vandalia were the commander, three officers and thirty-nine seamen and marines.

The Trenton, meanwhile, was gradually coming closer to the land. She had her bridge ports broken in, which left an opening, and the sea came in great quantities through this opening and the hawse pipes, getting into the fires. This was unfortunately fatal to the chances of saving the Admiral's ship.

The engineers were unable to keep up steam. All hands were ordered to the pumps, which were kept constantly going all day. About 3 o'clock the Trenton had drifted down toward the Olga, which vessel was then about 500 yards from the reef. Both ships tried to avoid touching, but a collison was inevitable. The Olga's bow struck the Trenton on the quarter, opening a large breach and doing other damage, and the Olga's bow was smashed.

After the vessels cleared each other the Trenton drifted still further toward the reef, and one time held fairly well to her anchors; but at about 5 o'clock she dropped down just clear of the reef and on to the Vandalia. The Trenton's stern was aground. She was broadside on to the sunken vessel, and the poor fellows who had been on the Vandalia's yard about twelve hours got on to the Trenton, being assisted by the Admiral's crew with lines and other contrivances.

On Sunday morning boats were busily engaged all day in removing the men from the ship to the shore, which was accomplished without accident. All were removed before night. On Monday 250 Samoans from Mataafa's camp and the men-of-war sailors were working hard all day saving property from the Trenton, and several Samoans and sailors were also engaged working on the other ships ashore.

No lives were lost. The Trenton is a total wreck. One of the men was killed early in the morning of Saturday by being crushed among the timber after the collision. His name was Joseph Hewlett, a colored man.

The Olga, after slipping her cables and getting clear of the Trenton, managed to make headway against the sea for a short time, and hopes were entertained that this vessel, the last left afloat in the harbor, would be saved, but within half an hour she was run into one of the best positions for beaching in the harbor.

The Nipsic is fitted up with the Vandalia's funnel. Her rudder and stern post are gone, propeller bent and twisted.

The Trenton is hard and fast on the reef. Her bottom is full of holes and filled with water up to her gun deck. The crews have been working ten hours daily trying to save some of the rigging and personal effects and stores. The Vandalia is totally lost. Nothing can be saved from her.

Nearly every day since the wrecks of the German and American vessels bodies of the drowned are being washed up, greatly decomposed and unrecognizable.

Only forty of our dead sailors' bodies have been found off Apia. Some of our officers and men attended the German memorial service, but not a German was present at the American services. Admiral Kimberly shows that the Trenton could not have been saved, because the badly constructed hawse-holes allowed water to pour in and flood the engine-room, putting out the fires. He says the Trenton had all steam on, but that her engines were not powerful enough to save her.

On the Tuesday following the disaster divers recovered the safe of the Vandalia, which contained $40,000.

A rumor is current in Apia that the Admiral and Consuls are endeavoring to arrange matters between Mataafa and Tamasese, so as to induce them to return to their homes until after the Samoan conference.

There were some disgraceful scenes at Apia, it appears, after the terrible disaster in the harbor on March 16.

Some of the men rescued from the American and German war-vessels got drunk, and there was a good deal of feeling against the German sailors on the part of our men.

Captain Fritz, the senior German officer, when asked to help to restore order, begged to be excused, saying he was afraid the Americans would attack the German sailors. He further requested that the American officers should take full charge.

This was done, and the American sailors were not allowed to approach the lower part of the town, where the Germans had their headquarters. The next great question was how to get the news of the disaster to America and Europe. Frank Wilson was sent to Futuila island, where he boarded the steamer Mariposa for Auckland, from whence he telegraphed the news.

The Calliope took on coal, and Thursday, March 19, after firing thirteen guns as a salute to Admiral Kimberly, sailed for Sydney.

Order was generally restored in Apia in a few days. A large force of Samoans succeeded in hauling off the Nipsic. The Trenton's sailors are temporarily quartered in tents in the middle of the town. The Vandalia's men are quartered near the American Consulate. The survivers of the German vessels are quartered in the German Trading Company's warehouse.

Most of the merchant vessels in the harbor at the time of the storm belonged to the German Trading Company.

Admiral Kimberly, commanding the American fleet, was the last to leave the Trenton, his flag-ship. He said he considered faulty construction of the Trenton's hawse-pipes as indirectly the cause of her wreck.

Within a few days of the storm a condition of things resembling order had been brought about. The marines and Mataafa's police had been actively at work in this direction.

The Germans and Americans held memorial services at different dates for the dead. At the German service Admiral Kimberly and other American officers attended.

Only about one-fourth of the bodies have been recovered. Some of these were badly mutilated. It was difficult to identify them, or even to tell the nationality, and it was finally determined to bury all at one spot together.

A body, thought to be that of Captain Schoonmaker, was found up the coast some miles distant from the immediate scene of the disaster.

A DEADLY MELEE.

Four Men Killed in a Fight Between Guards and Boomers.

A dispatch from Fort Smith, Ark., says: The rush for Oklahoma is diminishing rapidly. Great destitution is sure to follow, and it is not unlikely that Governmental relief will be invoked to provide for sufferers. Word has been received of a conflict between parties of boomers, cattle men and Chickasaw police at the ford at Chisholm's cattle trail, forty miles west of Oklahoma City. The cattle men were taking several hundred animals from Frank Colbert's ranch, in the Chickasaw Nation, to Kansas, but the mounted police guarding the southern border of Oklahoma refused to permit them to use the Chisholm trail leading through the new territory. A fight ensued in which the cattle men were reinforced by a party of boomers from Cooke and Fanning Counties, Texas. One of the guards, two cattle men and one boomer, named Geiss, were killed in the melee.

THE FATTEST WOMAN DEAD.

Death of Hannah Battersby, the Freak Weighing 800 Pounds.

Mrs. Hannah Battersby, said to be the largest woman in the world, died a few days ago at her home in Frankford, a suburb of Philadelphia. She had been ailing for several weeks. Mrs. Battersby was born in Vermont in 1843, and was of normal size until her twelfth year.

Then she began to develop, and at seventeen years of age she weighed 500 pounds. She married John Battersby, who traveled with her, exhibiting himself "as the greatest living skeleton." Mrs. Battersby, at the time of her marriage, weighed 688 pounds, and of late years her managers have claimed that she weighed 800 pounds.

NEWSY GLEANINGS

ITALY has seventy-one vessels.

MISSISSIPPI has 310,399 horses.

THE British navy has 327 vessels.

A SILK syndicate has been formed.

THE Mexican Congress has opened.

LONDON has upward of 14,000 policemen.

WE have a standing army of 25,000 men.

THE Treasury of Quebec, Canada, is empty.

DICKINSON COUNTY, Kan., has a cat ranch.

THE stock of petroleum is 17,000,000 barrels.

ENGLAND'S flour trust has fallen through.

NATURAL GAS is being found in Arkansas.

THE total Mormon population of Utah is 153,911.

ITALY has opened its universities to women.

AN immense pine-straw trust has been organized.

LIBBY PRISON will soon be removed to Chicago.

PINEAPPLE culture in Florida yields $400 per acre.

THE cotton crop of 1888 was the largest ever made.

CHINA has only 193 inhabitants to the square mile.

THE farms of Ohio are mortgaged for $375,000,000.

THE Russians are building grain elevators on the Black Sea.

A CHINAMAN has been lecturing in favor of prohibition in Minnesota.

SOUTHERN lumber manufacturers have organized and put up prices.

THERE was never a season more favorable for the flow of maple sap.

SIX juvenile heirs and heiresses have been abducted within five months.

THE output of lumber this year will be twenty per cent. less than last.

THE range of observation from the top of the Eiffel Tower is forty miles.

THERE are $365 foreign offices at the disposal of the State Department.

RAILROAD companies' statistics show that a very large business is being done.

THE revolt against the Germans in East Africa is spreading among the natives.

THE premium on gold in the Argentine Republic has reached sixty-four per cent.

THE logging season in the New England forests has been an unusually short one.

WILLIAM GLASS, of Verndale, Minn., recently ate five dozen eggs in thirty minutes.

MEXICO'S exhibit in the Paris Exposition will include 12,000 specimens of minerals of various kinds.

GENERAL BOULANGER has made application to the Swiss Government for permission to reside in Geneva.

SEVERAL people have gone insane at Victoria, British Columbia, victims of the Salvation army excitement.

THE tobacco crop of Kentucky, which is now being put on the market, amounts to nearly 300,000,000 pounds.

SEVERAL young clergymen have been caught stealing Dr. Talmage's sermons, and new cases are reported almost daily.

TWO Vermont hunters trapped last winter, near Bradford, over 100 foxes, on which they received a State bounty of fifty cents on a fox.

THE debt of North Carolina has been reduced from $18,277,000 to $1,130,000, and the latter amount is now being refunded in new 4 per cents.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND acres of Government homesteads and pre-emptions have been taken by eager settlers at Great Falls, Montana, since January 1st.

THE United States Government, as a reward for his faithful services, has enrolled Washakie, the head chief of the Shoshone Indians in Wyoming, as a Government scout, with the pay of a regular soldier.

BY an almost unanimous and a very enthusiastic vote the Farmers' Alliance of Georgia, representing 80,000 farmers, resolved that they would use cotton bagging for the baling of their cotton—and would not use jute under any circumstances.

HAVING taught himself Latin and written a creditable translation of the first six books of Virgil's "Æneid," Erastus Richardson, a Pawtucket (R. I.) bookkeeper, has now carried out a similar method of training in music, by learning the use of a violin and then making an instrument on which to play.

NEARLY every west-bound train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad carries from five to a dozen emigrant cars filled with emigrants for Dakota, a majority of whom are Germans. The Dakota towns are rapidly filling up with strangers, and the liveliest kind of a boom is looked for during the coming summer.

AS a result of recent harbor improvements, Buenos Ayres now has a port sufficient for its commerce with all the rest of the world.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

News Notes and Gossip From the National Capital.

Amusing Scenes at a Dinner Given by the Chinese Minister.

The dinner given by the Chinese Minister was in the nature of a compliment to the new Administration. The Chinese Minister gave his arm to Secretary Blaine, and escorted him to his seat at the table, which was directly opposite that of the Minister, each sitting at the centre of one of the long sides of the table. The Chinese Minister sat between Justices Miller and Blatchford, and Secretary Blaine sat between Justices Bradley and Harlan. The dinner was thoroughly Occidental, so much so that the two Mohammedans present, representing Turkey and Persia, did full justice to the wine course, and the Turkish Minister departed so widely from his national usage as to appear without his fez.

The Persian Minister enjoyed himself immensely, and afforded much entertainment to the rest of the company. Most of the scintillations of the evening came from him. Observing that two guests neglected their snipe in order to carry on their conversation, and that a servant was waiting to take the plates away, he said facetiously: "You not eat the bird, the bird fly away."

He insisted on talking English, although he knows French perfectly, and his neighbors understood French. He said in explaining his preference:

"I am American. I have beautiful girl, very beautiful girl; she teach me English long time. I speak English very good."

In addition to this he explained that he understood English because he had been in England. He was asked how long he was there, and said eight hours. "Plenty, too much," he added.

At the close of the dinner he said to an American guest, who had been laughing and talking all the way through the dinner: "You not American. American have long face, sit up straight, say nothing like them," pointing to a group of Senators and Cabinet officers, who had eaten their way steadily through their menu without looking to the right or to the left or exchanging a word with anybody, in some cases because their neighbors spoke no English.

After dinner in the smoking room the Ministers from China, Japan and Corea, who cannot understand each other's spoken language, carried on a three-cornered conversation with pens and paper, for their written language is identical.

Presidential Postmasters.

The President late in the afternoon appointed thirty-six Presidential postmasters. Thirty were to fill vacancies caused by deaths, resignations or terms expiring, and six were to fill vacancies caused by removals. Among the appointees are the following: In Illinois—Chicago, James A. Sexton; Mantoon, Thomas A. Weaver; Peoria, Alexander Stone; Danville, W. A. B. Jewell. Missouri—Clinton, J. P. Schuer. Kansas—Marion, Fred Lewis; Baxter Springs, William March; Argentine, D. G. Bliss; Lawrence, E. F. Goodrick. Iowa—West Liberty, Jonathan Maxon; Shenandoah, T. N. Pace. Pennsylvania—Punxsawney, William C. Torrence; Oscelo Mills, David Hamilton; Dunmore, Miss Bridget Mooney.

Banks' Reserve Agents.

The Comptroller of the Currency has approved the selection of the United States National Bank of New York as reserve agent for the Third National of Syracuse; also the selection of the Third National of New York for the First National of South Amboy, N. J., and for the First National of Harrisburg, Ill.; the Ninth National of New York for the First National of Canton, Penn.; the Hanover of New York for the Central National of Philadelphia; the National Bank of New York for the First National of Sheffield, Ala.; the First National of Fargo, Dakota, and the First National of Lampasas, Texas, also the Chase National Bank as reserve agent for the Third National of Detroit and the First National of Minot, Dakota; the Hanover National of Moscow, Idaho, and the National Bank of the Republic for the People's National of Paola, Kansas.

A Decision by Wisdom.

In response to a letter received from J. O. Hague, New York, Secretary Windom has decided that machinery belonging to foreign manufacturers, who desired to transport their entire plant to the United States, could not be allowed to enter free of duty, and that the transportation of workmen to come over with the plant would be a violation of the Contract Labor law.

Emancipation Day.

The colored people celebrated their emancipation in Washington with a large parade, military, civic and trades. The President, Secretaries Windom, Noble, Proctor and Rusk, Postmaster-General Wanamaker and Attorney-General Miller reviewed the parade from the portico of the White House. Public meetings were held and addressed by Rev. W. D. Derrick, of New York, and Hon. Frederick Douglass.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

PATTI charges more every year.

MARY ANDERSON is improving very rapidly.

JULIA MARLOWE, the tragedienne, is well again.

CLARA MORRIS has recovered from her recent illness.

SALVINI, the Italian tragedian, was born in Milan, Italy.

THE Opera House at Derby, N. H., was recently burned.

COQUELIN, the French comedian, is a close student of history.

A SISTER OF Evangelist Sam Small is singing in English opera.

IRVING'S profit out of "Macbeth" in London is reckoned at $2500 a week.

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The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

PROTECTION AND THE SOUTH.

In a published interview Gen. Robert A. Pryor, the distinguished Virginian, who has earned himself a prominent position at the New York bar, stated the South is beginning to see that her interests are bound up with the success of the protective policy. He believes that it is in the power of the President to break up the "Solid South" if he will conduct his administration on the lines laid down in his Inaugural. He declares "that the actual indications of public sentiment in the South are all in the direction of a protective policy."

In referring to the declaration of General Pryor, the *Irish World* says this is the result of the industrial revolution that has taken place in the Southern States. Mills and factories of all kinds have sprung up in the South. Thinking Southerners recognize that the immense progress that has been made in their section of the country within the last few years is only a forecast of the great things that will be accomplished by the South in the near future.

She has the soil, the climate and all the thousand and one other natural advantages that are guarantees of a brilliant future for her if she will join with the North in defending the American policy of protection. Without her vote the pro-British policy of Free-trade has not the ghost of a chance. It is, therefore, a matter for congratulation that the New South is beginning to recognize that it would commit a great blunder if it should become the ally of the Free-traders. In the words of General Pryor "a new generation is coming to the front whose bosoms are purged of the passions of the past; who are taught by necessity the supreme importance of material interests, and who will fully co-operate with that party, whichever it be, that promises more for the advancement and enrichment of the South."

To this new generation Protectionists extend a hearty invitation to co-operate in the work of protecting North and South, East and West, from the blighting influence of a policy that would destroy American industries that British manufacturers might have a market for their cheap made goods. It will be a blessed day for the Republic when this invitation is accepted in the spirit in which it is offered. Let us hope that that day is not far distant.

SOME HIGH GRADE MEN.

A Philadelphia dispatch says that Mr. Field who has been offered the postmastership of that city, was once offered a salary of $25,000 by Mr. Wanamaker to take charge of his wholesale business, but he refused it, preferring to remain in business for himself. If he now accepts the postoffice appointment at $6,000 salary, it will be from a sincere desire to serve the public and help his friend, the Postmaster General, make his part of the Administration a success. The Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service is an experienced railroad man whose last salary as General Manager was $12,000. He is not, therefore taking a $4,000 position for the money there is in it. The present Administration is getting some high grade men into the public service, and the country will reap the benefit. The people of Philadelphia are said to be much pleased at the prospect of getting a $25,000 man for a $6,000 job.

A MISTAKEN THEORY.

All nature gives the lie to the theory of Malthus, that as population increases substance decreases The wonder is that Malthus ever promulgated such a theory; yet there are those who preach it even now in spite of the fact that the greater the increase of mankind the greater has been the proportion of food, famine only occurring where economic conditions are plainly opposed to profitable and progressive production and therefore to the best interests of the people. Sea food is virtually without limit. So is the productions of the soil. Fruit rots to waste in South America, making manure for still greater abundance. Cereals are burned in the Western States also for fertilizing purposes. Rabbits, which are healthy, sustaining food, are a pest in Australia. India is nearly a waste for want of a system that would employ labor. A large part of every continent is still unreclaimed. In short, the day can never come when the world will be short of food.

With stock of all kinds is an item to have them have a good appetite and with the working teams it is the indication of ability to work. It requires food to supply strength. In addition, a good appetite is a good indication that the digestive organs are in a good condition.

A WORD TO FARMER'S SONS.

A great many young men leave the drudgery, privations and isolation of the farm for the town or city to engage in what is by them, and unfortunately, by a large portion of the world, considered more respectable employment. They falsely imagine there are better ways to make a living, to make money, and to rise to eminence in the world. It is true there are frequent cases where the farmer boy has gained power and distinction. They can be named in all branches of the arts, science and industries They make a noise in the world. And yet there is not one boy in one hundred who leaves the farm in disgust who is ever heard of again beyond the neighborhood where he drags out his life. But the same talent, energy and industry in seeking knowledge on the farm, would more likely bring him into public favor, and to be more frequently called to fill the higher positions of honor and profit than to be a merchant, a doctor, or a member of any kind of profession. About half of all the Presidents have been farmers.

By our long experience in the world, and by our close observation of the rise and fall of men, we are prepared to say that any smart and intelligent man and woman who start out in early life on a comparatively small farm, and settle down contented in their position and in their enterprise for life, and who carry on their farm on business principles, who study the wants of the times, the demands of the market, who pay as they go, who are economical, not necessarily pernicious, are more certain to accumulate a comfortable fortune by the time they are fifty, than any other class of men and women who are striving to become wealthy by other lines of industry.

THE FARMER OF THE FUTURE.

The successful farmer of the future must be well grounded in the general and technical knowledge of his business, says Blackwood's magazine. He must look closely and more carefully to the internal workings of his farm than was necessary in former times. He must watch keenly every movement of the foreign producer, study the condition and prospects of the markets, and be prepared to produce such commodities as are likely to bring him the best return. He must not tie himself to the growing of certain crops and the rearing of certain stock merely because his fathers did so, or because he himself found them profitable in times gone by. He must cultivate an "open mind," be ready and willing to avail himself of any new system or modification of practice calculated to benefit him being careful, of course, not to attempt on a large scale practices that are risky, or that have not been proven by actual test. He must not be above giving his attention to little points of detail, or to tiny tributaries of income, for in agriculture "the day of small things" has assuredly come. Method, precision, industry, forethought, economy, sound and ready judgment and intelligence —these are the elements of successful business They are as essential to the farmer of to-day as to the busiest business man in the greatest commercial center.

In the Arkansas Legislature a member recently nominated a young lady for enrolling clerk in these words: "I shall not say that the one I name is as the angels are, for I have never seen an angel and know not how beautiful they are, but I will say that if angels look like the lovely maiden whose name I put in nomination, the angels are beautiful indeed." Nevertheless, the angels got her wings clipped in the ballotings. Arkansas is no place for angels

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The Boston *Journal* says, that there can be little doubt that our Southern friends who cut loose from the Democratic party on the tariff issue will in the course of time find themselves, whether they originally intended it or not, in full fellowship with the Republican party. In other words they must fish or cut bait.

Postmaster General Wanamaker has supplemented ex-President Cleveland's aphorism, "A public office is a public trust," with one equally forcible, "The sluggards must go." The latter is certainly as forcible as the former.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of writing paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole. Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at A Wadsworth's Dru_store.

Examine Moses Weisel's stock of Parasols and Umbrellas before buying

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, April 19, 1889

The President has honored the newspaper fraternity again by appointing Robert P. Porter, of New York, Superintendent of the Census. Mr. Porter was one of the founders, and is at present the editor of that very sprightly Republican daily, the New York Press. He has an international reputation as a writer on industrial topics, and no man has done more in the last ten years to popularize a protection tariff than he, and few men better qualified than he to superintend the taking of the next census could be found.

Oklahoma is a long way from Washington, but its affairs are just now receiving a great deal of attention from officials of the Government The Attorney General and the Controller of the Currency are trying to decide whether they shall grant charters for several national banks there for which applications have been made. The law says such applications shall be on file one year before the charters shall be granted. But this being the opening of a new Territory, is claimed to be an exceptional case. A decision is expected in a few days. The Post-office Department is making unusual efforts to provide mail facilities for the citizens (to be) of the new country. Several inspecters are now there to examine proposed mail routes, etc. First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson, who has been over the ground, says Oklahoma is the garden spot of the West, and that in less than six months its population will be 100,000, and that in two years it will be admitted as a State.

The Railway Mail Service is being improved as rapidly as possible. Already there have been more than 500 changes therein and the good work still goes on. Speaking of this matter Mr. Clarkson said: "It has been the policy of the Department to displace incompetent clerks and appoint experienced and efficient men who left the Service during the last administration, where such are available and desirous of reentering the service. The Railway Mail Service requires men not only of superior intelligence, but men whose faculties are in perfect working order. Men who possess every requirement of the service are comparatively few, and are not easily secured, but when such are found they should be retained in the service as long as possible. Efficiency in the postal service can be obtained only after a long struggle, and to remove such men in order to make places for political favorites, irrespective of their fitness, is a public wrong and should not be tolerated.

Postmaster General Wanamaker, believing that the newspapers of the country should be given every facility for obtaining and disseminating the news of the day, has rescinded an order issued during the last administration prohibiting train men carrying newspaper correspondence and packages of newspapers on trains other than mail trains. The issuance of this order several years ago has been the cause of great inconvenience and complaint from newspapers published in every section of the country.

Mr. Tanner, speaking of the resignation of Gen. Sigel as Pension agent at New York City, said: "It was pathetic. I remember how his horse splashed mud over me as I stood in the ranks and he galloped along the line with his splendid staff in '61, and here he was, a broken old man offering me his resignation. I want people to understand that Gen. Sigel's personal record in the N Y. pension office is clear.

From Our Boston Correspondent

BOSTON, April 22, 1889.

There is wisdom in money. Its direction of freight indicates the latitudes of profit. The West is exhausted, except in a general ability of loss, and the South is being put to the test for gain on capital. Alabama and Georgia are receiving contributions of money counted by millions of dollars. Vanderbilt is to build a palace near Asheville, N. C.—the most expensive residence ever erected in the South. Others in similar conditions will follow his example.

When the cook makes good pastry the plums easily distribute themselves. The influx South of men and capital from the North has not yet begun. Our city is full of capital New York borrows at 2½ per cent annually. Let the South welcome this large flow of capital and cultivate the thrifty ideas of the owners. At the close of the war our nation took a new departure, and it can be said that the South is not ashamed to put into the waste basket some of its antique ideas. History has some choice pages for age in the Western Continent.

W. S.

A Georgia Editor Becomes a Republican.

The Athens (Ga.) *Post* is the oldest Democratic organ in the South published under a continuous name. It is presided over by Col. Hull, who is also editor and proprietor, &c. &c. Lavinia, has over the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, county for some time and has held several prominent offices under the Democracy. Mr. Hull announced in the *Post*, that he is no longer a Democrat, that he will hereafter be found with the Republican party.

The principal reason for his change of politics, is, he says the recent action of the State Legislature in gerrymandering the Third Congressional District. He also believes that the State is more prosperous under a protective policy than he believes it could be under any other.

The change will, it is said have an important bearing on the politics of the State.

In speaking of our State, the New York *Tribune* says: "North Carolina is on the eve of a great industrial epoch In natural resources and salubrity of climate, it is surpassed by few States in the Union. And in its advantages were these known it would soon fill up with a very desirable class of citizens

It is a crime for men to prepare and advertise a worthless, inert remedy as a cure for terrible and chronic blood poison in hope that the sufferer will use a hundred bottles before he finds out its worthlessness, and yet there are some that do. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is not a remedy of this kind. The first bottle begins to do good, and a cure usually follows before a dozen bottles are taken

[illegible]

All dealers open it $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-marked [illegible] on wrapper.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT.

When physicians fail to give relief in cases of chronic ailments, resulting from poison blood, how gratifying to the sufferer to obtain at last the right remedy. Where every other treatment miserably fails to cure, Botanic Blood Balm invariably gains a victory.

SAN SABA, TEXAS, February 9, 1882.

Our little daughter became effected with some form of scalp disease, supposed to be ringworm or eczema. It first began in white scabs or dandruff and then formed in small sores all over the front part of her head with rough patches on her forehead and face, and then run an ugly eating sore on her head which continued to spread until a neighbor insisted on me trying B. B. B. After using a bottle and a half the sore is healing nicely and the child's health much improved and she is getting fat. I believe B. B. B to be an excellent blood purifier and very quick in its action.

MRS. LETTIE GRAVES.

[illegible] Blood Balm Co.: I was taken with a bad case of blood poison. The doctors said [illegible] that it attacked to the bowels, and had a bad case of dyspepsia. B. B. B. has done me more good than all the doctors.

W. W. SHELTON.

BATTLEWORTH, CHAMBERS CO., ALA., February 6, 1885.

For the last 20 years I have been a great sufferer from blood poison; could not get anything that would do me any good. The doctors thought I would die. Two years ago I was stricken down with cancer of the lower extremities and was not able to walk out of my room, the cancer causing me to suffer great pain. A month ago I commenced taking the B. B. B. and was able to walk a half mile before I had taken two bottles. The cancer is healing up nicely, and I think the use of this remedy will cure me.

C. D. R. M. SMITH.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NORTH CARLINA—Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

A. S. Walker, Guardian of Mary Ann Sanderlin, Plaintiff, vs. W. W. Dudley and wife and Exum Chappell and wife, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of Gates County in the above entitled action, I will on Monday the 3rd day of June, 1889, at 12 o'clock m. at the Court House door of said county, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the said execution, all the right, title, and interest which said W. W. Dudley and wife and Exum Chappel and wife have in the following described real estate, to-wit:

The land devised to the wives of said Dudly and Chappell by Dorcey Sanderlin deceased, situated in Mt Hermon Township of Pasquotank County, in said State, and bounded by the lands of W T White, Joseph Wood, and the lands lately owned by Geo. W. Sanderlin and known as "Califorina," containing 180 acres more or less.

T. P. WILSON,
Sheriff Pasquotank County

CREWS' YEAST POWDER

Superior to all Substitutes

For raising and making light, delicious Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cakes, Pastry, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Rolls, Puddings and Buckwheat. 25 pound cans 2 cents. Sold by country Merchants.

Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

WANTED!

A white man and wife, with two Assistants—a family with no children preferred—to purchase the outfit at the Boarding House at Buffalo City, near East Lake, N. C., and purchase their own provisions at the Company's Store; board all the men required (from 30 to 50) at $2.50 and $3.50 per week. Settlements each month.

For further particulars, address the undersigned at East Lake, Tyrrell county, N. C., or call at Buffalo City.

April 10, '88. LOWLAND COAL CO., Gen'l Supt.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

100 Important things you never knew or thought of about the human body and its various organs. How life is perpetuated, health saved, disease baffled. How to avoid pitfalls of quacks and adventurers. How to cure Chronic Old Sores, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Blood Taints, Scrofula, Kidney Troubles, Dyspepsia, &c. How to make, be happy in married life, &c., &c.

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1889—Pioneer Seed Catalogue of America. Complete list of Vegetables, Flowers, Bulbs and Small Fruits, Scientifically revised and improved. Entirely New Shape, New Type, Completely revised and improved. Contains more varieties than any other catalogue printed. 3 elegant colored plates 8x10 inches, and a Calendar. Every person who owns a foot of land, or cultivates a plant, should have a copy. Price of VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, only 10 cents. Send 10 cents and thirty cents for seeds, containing a certificate good for 10 cents worth of seeds. JAMES VICK SEEDSMAN, Rochester, N. Y.

FREE $85 Solid GOLD WATCH Sold for $100 on sight. Best $85 watch in the world. Perfect time-keeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Elegant and magnificent. Both ladies' and gents' sizes with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one FREE. How is this possible? We answer—we want one person in each locality, to keep in their homes, and show to those who call, a complete line of our SAMPLE WORK BOXES, which we have kept them in your home for 12 months and sell on sight to those who see them. It is possible to make this great offer, because the GOLD watch and COSTLY samples free, as the cost of the samples in any locality, when we have results in a large trade for us, after our samples have been in a locality for a month or two surrounding country. This, the most wonderful offer ever known, is made in order that our samples may be placed at once where they can be seen, all over America. Write at once, and for you to know the easiest to those who may call at your home and your reward will be most satisfactory. A postal card do not care to go further, why not run the risk? Do it if you do send your address at once, you can secure ONE of the finest solid gold watches in the world and our large line of COSTLY SAMPLES. We pay all express, freight, etc. Address GEO. STINSON & CO., Box 913, PORTLAND, MAINE.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

A $5 Book For $1.00.

How To Build A House.

If you are thinking of building a house you ought to buy the new book, Palliser's American Architecture, or every man who owns such lands. There is not a Builder or any one intending to Build or otherwise interested that can afford to be without it. It is a practical work and everybody buys it. The best, cheapest and most popular work ever issued on Building. Nearly four hundred drawings. A $5 book in size and, in fact the times, so that it can be easily reached by all. This book contains 224 pages 11 x 14 inches in size, and consists of 32 x 12 plate pages giving plans, elevations, perspective views, descriptions, owners' names, actual cost of construction, no guess work, and instructions How to Build 75 Cottages, Villas, Jobbie Houses, Brick Block Houses, suitable for city suburbs, town and country, houses for the farm and workingmen's homes for all sections of the country, and costing from $200 to $6,500, also Barns, Stables, School House, Town Hall, Churches, and other public buildings, together with specifications, form of contract, and a large amount of information on the erection of buildings, selection of site, and in paper cover by mail postpaid on receipt of $1.00. Send for book. Address all orders to J. S. OGILVIE, Publisher, 57 Rose St. New York. P. O. Box 2767.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S business at this place, as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the will of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of JOHN H. ZIEGLER as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

A full supply of Metalic Cases, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand.

March 6, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER.
FRED. H. ZIEGLER.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA—Pasquotank County.

F. W. Lowry and Others vs. Nordical Price and Others!

The defendants will take notice that the plaintiffs will, within twenty days from the date hereof, file in the office of the Board of County Commissioners a petition to open a Road from Wilson Creek Bridge across Newbegun Creek to Crocker Hill, and the said defendants are required to appear before the said Board of Commissioners at their meeting on the first Monday in May, next and show cause why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted.

March 6th, 1889

F. W. LOWRY & OTHERS, Plaintiffs

IT'S TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading. Friend and when you think of that, you can think of

Moses Weisel's Stock,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer.

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,

But hustle right off and get the pick of the Ice New Goods that are offered at

MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

J. H. HARRIS,
— WITH —
CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Commission Dealers in all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

11 FULTON MARKET,
NEW YORK

The sale of North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils and Stationery on application.

Ask your Grocer for

TRADE MARK

Prom'er Flour OF AMERICA.

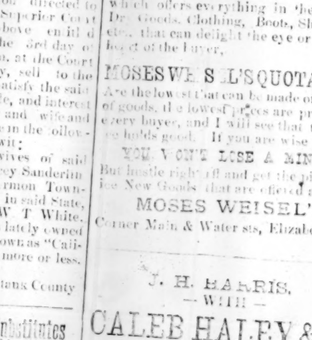
The C. A. CAMBRELL MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to refer Flour dealers to consumers in above cut of our well known brand "BATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT" and respectfully ask them to see that the word "BATAPSCO" and name of the Company are on every package. Flour branded only "Superlative Patent" is not manufactured by us.

FOR SALE BY J. E. FLORA.

C. A. CAMBRELL MFG CO Baltimore

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME



SEWING MACHINE

THE LADIES' FAVORITE.

NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

If you desire to purchase a sewing machine, ask our agent at your place for terms and prices. If you cannot find our agent, write direct to nearest address to you below named.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO — 28 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. — DALLAS, TEX.
ST. LOUIS, MO. — ATLANTA, GA. — SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

I. T. Lanphear. A. W. Haff

LANPHEAR & HAFF.

Wholesale Commission Dealers

in Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc. Etc.

NO. 15 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty

No Agents.

HINCHMAN SON & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc,

7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF,
PHILADELPHIA PA.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
No Agents.

H. M. ROGERS. A. M. ROGERS. H. C. ROGERS

H. M. ROGERS & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers IN

All Kinds of Fish.

11 ulton Fish Market & 207 Front St
NEW YORK.
Warehouse & Cold Storage, 207 Front St.

SHAD A SPECIALTY

O. S. HARDING & CO.

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

FRESH FISH

Game and Terrapin,
Nos 9 & 10 Dock Street Wharf,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

S. T. SKIDMORE.

Wholesale Commission Dealer

— IN ALL KINDS OF —

Fresh Fish.

142 & 144 BEEKMAN STREET
NEW YORK.

C. G. LINDER. J. A. LINDER.

C. G. LINDER & BRO.

SUCCESSORS TO A. B. HIGBIE & CO.,

Commission Merchants and Wholesale DEALERS IN

FRESH FISH,

GAME & TERRAPIN

30, 31, 40 & 41 Dock Street Wharf,
Philadelphia, Pa.

S. L. STORER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

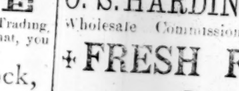
Fresh Fish,

LOBSTERS, TURTLE, ETC,
19 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.

Stencils and Stationery furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS

WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANTS



And Dealers in Fish,

RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and prompt returns made. Our acquaintance and intimate acquaintance with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to furnish North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

SAMUEL B. MILLER. CLARENCE G. MILLER.

S. B. MILLER & CO.

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH DEALERS,

NO. 7 FULTON MARKET,
NEW YORK.

Shad a Specialty.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE

Estate of John T. Parker.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late John T Parker, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This February 20, 1889

G. W. COBB, Adm'r.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at [illegible]

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents

---

JACOB SALOMONSKY

The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING — and — DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

STORE ON WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,

WHOLESALE

COMMISSION DEALER,

IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, Game, &c., In Season

No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market

FOOT OF DOCK STREET
PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS

4-tf. Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS

STEAM

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC.

Marble and Slate Fireplaces, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc, Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore
BALTIMORE, MD.

J. H. ZIEGLER, Agt. Elizabeth City, N. C.
F. ZIEGLER, Agt. Edenton, N. C.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN COMPOUND OXYGEN

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all chronic and Nervous Disorders.

"The Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., have been using for the last 17 years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so concensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the liberty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their Treatment: Hon. W. D. Kelley Member of Congress, Philadelphia; Rev. Victor A. Conrad, Editor Lutheran Observer, Phil.; Hon. Wm Penn Nixon, Editor Inter-Ocean, Chicago, Ill.; W. H. Werthington, Editor of New South, Birmingham, Ala.; Miss Mary A. Livermore, Melrose, Mass.; Judge R. S. Voorhes, New York City; Rev. Sidney Medcalf, Merchant, Phil.; Phoebe M. Knapp, Nanticoke Indians; Alexander Ritchie, Inverness, Scotland; Emma Cooper, Utila, Spanish Honduras; Jas. V. Ashcroft, Red Utila Cal; James Boyle, Supt Police, Hannibal, Dorsetshire, England; Jacob Ward, Prime Minister, New South Wales, and thousands of others in every part of the United States.

"Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. It will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN
No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS.

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Our Office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of John H. Ziegler.

Having qualified as Executrix of the late John H Ziegler, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be plended in bar of their recovery. This February 20th, 1889.

CHRISTINA ZIEGLER, Ex'x.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of R. P. Krauss, dec'd.

Having qualified as Administrator of R. P. Krauss, dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months on the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery. This February 20, 1889

G. W. COBB, Adm'r.

HOTELS.

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

FRANK M. GRICE, Prop'r.

TERMS: $2, & $2 50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refitted and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine Home for his patrons. The rooms are large well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.

Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer

TERMS REASONABLE.

J. L. ROGERS, Prop

EAGLE HOTEL,

HERTFORD, N. C.

JOSEPH S. LONG, Proprietor.

New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.

Free Hacks to and from the Depot to Passengers stopping at Hotel.

MISCELLANEOU

Home-Made Tin-Ware,

BY

H. O. HILL,

The Tinner,

Fearing St. Back, Elizabeth City, N. C.

All GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

FERTILIZERS,

Cheap and Good.

For Sale at the E. City Oil Mills

We have taken the Agency for BAUGHS ANIMAL BONE, POTASH COMPOUND, which has proved to be a complete mixture for Cotton, Corn, Potatoes Peas, etc. Apply to J. S. CARTWRIGHT, or W. D. LATHROP & CO.

Dec. 12- 2m.

THAT FIGHT

The Original Wins.

C. E. Simmons St. Louis, Prop't of Simmons Liver Medicine, Exhibiting in the Centennial Exhibition, Oct. 4, 1884, DEFEATS J. H. Zeilin, Prop'r of a Compound Liver Regulator, Exhibited by Dr. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Phila., Pa. Mr. Simmons, after a contest lasting SEVEN YEARS, has, by a decision of the Centennial Board of Judges, been declared the original and only genuine Liver Regulator. Beware of imitations. Look for the red Z on the Stamp, Label and Package. Sold by Druggists. Etc.

Rev. T. B. Reams, Pastor Mt. Ebenezer Church, Adams Town, writes: "I think Dr. Simmons Liver Regulator the best medicine I have ever used for Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Etc. I have used it in my family for years, and have recommended it to my friends, and they have been benefited by it. I cheerfully recommend it to the public."

FAVORITE SINGER

Warranted for Five Years.

ONLY $20. DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.

Our Favorite Singer

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers.

Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for circulars and Testimonials,

Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.,
219 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PEERLESS DYES ARE THE BEST FOR BLACK STOCKINGS FINE COLORS THAT NEITHER SMUT WASH OUT NOR FADE CAN ONLY BE MADE BY USING

PEERLESS Dyes

46 Colors

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

ALSO

PEERLESS BRONZE PAINTS—6 Colors.
PEERLESS LAUNDRY BLUING.
PEERLESS INK POWDERS—5 Kinds 7 Colors.
PEERLESS SHOE AND HARNESS DRESSING.
PEERLESS EGG DYES—8 Colors.

FREE $20 Sewing-Machine FREE

To at once extend which we will introduce our trade in all parts of the U. S. by placing our machines in every locality where we have not introduced them, we will send free to one person in each locality, the very best sewing-machine made in the world, with all the attachments. We will also send free a complete line of our costly and valuable art samples. In return we ask that you show what we send, to those who may call at your home, and after 2 months all shall become your own property. This grand machine is made after the Singer patents, which have run out, before patents run out it sold for $20. with the attachments, and now sells for $50. Best, strongest, most useful machine in the world. All is plain instructions given. Those who write to us at once can secure free the best sewing-machine in the world, and the finest line of works of high art ever shown together in America. TRUE & CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

—o—

ECONOMY

LEADS TO

PROSPERITY.

—oo—

Any man who aims at economy can't afford to miss this great sale. I am determined to force down my enormous surplus stock of winter-weight Wearing Apparel, and am aroused towards making this the most advantageous

Money Saving Sale

we have ever introduced to the public. I said I'd do it, and I am doing it.

Fine Sack suits, Cutaways, Prince Alberts are now selling at near cost. I am offering my stock of fine Shoes, such as Walkingfast, Reed and other qualities, at a big reduction.

I am selling a fine line of

MEN'S WEAR

at cost. Dozens upon dozens of of men's fine Overcoats in Sacks, Newmarkets, Ulsters, Stormcoats and in Cheviots, Chinchillas, Beaver, Melton, Kerseys, Cassimere and worsted, fit for any man and are in every detail of manufacture equal to garments made to measure, all of which are yours today at manufacturers' cut rate prices.

Boy's & Children's Suits

by the dozen upon dozen, and men's boy's and youth's Trousers, dozens upon dozens of them, all of first-class goods,—all are yours at manufacturers' cut rate prices.

Hats of latest styles of Rossmore, Miller Danlap and Martin shapes.

Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, Umbrellas, etc., at a large decline in prices.

Oil and Rubber Goods can be found at manufacturers' prices.

I am selling my entire stock of Ladies' Wraps, Cloaks, long and short, at cost,

Dress Goods Department.

I am now offering my fine Cashmmeres, Henriettas, Flannels, Tricots, Serge goods, etc., at a deduction of 15 to 20 cents per yard.

SATINES: I am selling all colors at 10, 12 and 13 cents a yard, and if you have an interest in economizing, you can't afford to miss this great unloading sale I have placed in active service.

H. WEISEL,

The Original Leader and Regulater of Low Prices,

The North Carolinian

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, 1889.

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. ——— Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. E. A. Wilson, Pastor Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. C. A. G. Thomas Pastor. Service 11 Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

COLORED BAPTIST, OLIVE BRANCH. Rev J.K. Lamb, Pastor. Service every Sunday, and special service every 4th Sunday at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.

☞ Hoyt for Avoca!

☞ Tickets only halffare.

☞ The herring catches are now improving.

☞ Some of our Truckers will commence shippin peas in about ten days.

☞ We are glad to repire that the planted potatoes and corn have not rotted, but is sprouting.

☞ On the 18th inst. Miss Clara Bell of Camden was married to Mr Nathan Tatem of Currituck.

☞ Mr. Brinkly Wiggins, a former resident of this county, died a few days ago at Morehead City.

☞ The date fixed for holding this years annual Exhibition of the Elizabeth City Fair are October 29, 30, and 31st.

☞ Mr. James W. Graves, of Elizabeth City, who was removed by the Cleveland Administration for "political reasons," has been re-appointed Clerk on the Mail route on the Norfolk Southern Railroad.

☞ Among the postmasters appointed in this district since our last issue are B. B. Watts at Williamston, L. H. Nowell at Jamesville, and A. G. Roundtree at Gatesville. The good work is going bravely on!

☞ Our distinguished townsman Hon. J. W. Albertson is in Washington. Judge Albertson is one of the brainy and cultured men of the District, and as a lawyer he is the peer of any member of the profession in the State.

☞ While the storm of two weeks ago was disastrous to the Fishermen, the one last week was ruinous. The nutters have had to suspend, most of them for the season, and the seines have been badly cut up. The loss has been great.

☞ Since the last issue of the CAROLINIAN, in company with a personal friend, we made another trip to the National Capitol. We had a very pleasant interview with the President, and our visits to the Departments were specially satisfactory. We met a number more of our old friends and acquaintences.

☞ A correspondent writes the CAROLINIAN that on Tuesday of last week an unknown large three-masted Schooner was driven with such force against the banks at Kinnekeet as to be broken to pieces. The cargo and crew were lost. All occurred in so short a space of time that the Life Saving crew found it impossible to render assistance

☞ The rain storm of last week in this locality was unprecedented. The "oldest inhabitant" say they never knew so much water to fall as on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. It was literally a flood. In the city the water on the streets and in the yards was deeper than ever known, and in the country the swollen streams washed the bridges away. Washouts on the railroad suspended travel and transportation for over a day. May it be a long time before we have another such experience.

☞ Several months ago the CAROLINIAN recommended the name of Hon. Elihu A. White for Collector of Internal Revenue for this District. It has met the approval of his many personal friends and he is very strongly endorsed by a large number of the leading Republicans of the District and State. A life-long Republican, a man of the highest character, clear and level-headed in business affairs, and representing the best element of the party, his appointment would be a good and wise one. As the CAROLINIAN was the only paper in the State supporting General Harrison's nomination before the National Convention so Mr. White was the only member of the North Carolina delegation who voted for him first, last and all the time, and his action was endorsed by the Republicans of the District with a unanimous nomination for Congress. He made a thorough and able canvass, and largely reduced the Democratic majority. He has never been entangled in any of the factional contests of the party in the State, but retains the respect and confidence of all. He is in every respect a superior man, and his appointment would do much to strengthen the Administration in the "Old North State," because it would unify Republicans and would ultimate in bringing others to its support. The CAROLINIAN'S opinion is based upon an intimate acquaintance with the situation

☞ A wise man regards the comfort of his animals.

—Wise men follow the star that leads to Moses Weisel's store.

☞ God made no two men alike in brain or physique.

—Of course you are going to Fowler & Co's for your Spring Shoes

☞ Success depends even more upon correct methods than upon hard work.

—Fowler & Co have colored Carpet Warps of their of their own make at 25c per pound.

☞ The wise creditor is slow to lend the farmer who keeps scrubby cattle.

—See our goods, get our prices, and then let your own judgement decide whether you can do so well any where else as at Moses Weisel's.

☞ Perseverance is not a bad substitute for a teacher in acquiring skill.

—The celebratey "Bunker Hill" brand of mixed Pickles and Chow Chow, by measure, at Robinson & Co's.

☞ Diogenes with his lantern could not have found a good excuse for dull tools.

—Never make the future bear the expenses of the past, but commence at once to study practical economy by purchasing your Groceries of Robinson & Co.

☞ A good garden will keep down the grocer's, the butcher's and the doctor's bills.

—Be sure and examine Moses Weisel's complete stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Women, it is said, live longer than men. This may be true, but of course, they never get old.

—There was a young woman named Fleet Who had bunions all over her feet. When she heard the glad news of well fitting shoes, she tumbled right off of her seat. Shoes for all at Moses Weisel's

☞ The money made by farming is the cleanest, best money in the world. Agriculture fills the farmer's pocket at the expense of no other man. His gain is no man's loss, but the more he makes the better off is the world.

☞ Introduce the strictest system in your work. Have a clear reason for what you do. Do everything in the most profitable way and keep a book account of your transactions. Lack of system costs an enormous amount of money every year.

☞ We are glad to see the announcement that the Northern syndicate that recently purchased the Dismal Swamp Canal are making arrangements to begin the work at once to deepen and widen it. This means much for our section.

☞ A certain young man proposed for the hand of a beautiful girl. As she hesitated, he said: "I await your answer with bated breath." The girl, who is a good deal of a humorist, said: "Well, sir, you will have to bait your breath with something besides whiskey to catch your humble servant."

☞ The CAROLINIAN wishes the unsatisfied boys on the farms could get a clear glimpse of the young lawyer wearing out the window sills of his office with his heels, vainly wondering when his first client will come; or see the young doctor exhausting all his patience before the first patient comes. They would be better satisfied to remain on the farm

☞ Public sentiment is a good deal like the pendulum, especially when swayed by passion and prejudice. No matter how far it swings in one direction, if you wait long enough it will swing back again. Nature seems to work on the plan that action and reaction are equal. The tides rise but they fall again. The planets swing in one direction till it looks as if they were to go plunging off into space uncontrolled, but they don't So when the public mind inflamed by passion swings to the extreme of unjust and unreasonable demands, returning reason is sure to assert itself. The elemental idea of justice and fair play begins to be felt and the happy poise of well balanced judgement is once more restored.

— PUPILS WANTED to take lessons in Drawing, Painting in Oils, Water Colors, Indian Ink and Kensington. Also lessons on the Piano.

MRS C. L. WILLIAMS,
Martin St., near Kramers Mill, Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ The Medical Convention adjourned on Thursday. The sessions were interesting, the papers read were able, the subjects discoursed important and the debates evinced a good deal of first class speaking talent. But for the unfavorable weather, the attendance would have been much larger and those present would have been made to enjoy their visit to our town. As it was, all the arranged plans for their benefit—excursions and banquet—had to be abandoned. This our citizens, very much to their regret, could not control. Had the Convention been held this week, the doctors would have went away very differently impressed All of us know how it feels to be in a strange place obliged to be hooked up because of bad weather. It invariably brings on a fit of the "blues,"

☞ The Colored people of this county held a large meeting at the Court House on Saturday in relation to the Emigration movement.

☞ The demand for good breeding cattle, with merit as well as pedigree, was never greater than at the present time.

☞ The statement of the reporter of the Wilmington *Star* that the Hotel rates here were *raised* is denied by the proprietor. By reference to the advertisement in the CAROLINIAN it will be seen the rates are stated to be $2 and $2.50 a day, just what were charged.

LOCAL MENTION.

All going to "hold over," eh?—The CAROLINIAN was honored with calls from several of the visiting M. D's last week.—Miss Alpine Hollowell, who has been on a visit of several months to her sisters in Baltimore and Norfolk, has returned.—The *News* inquires, "Are we to have electric lights?" The CAROLINIAN fears not Too much has been unwisely spent on the Market House, which the PEOPLE did not ask for, to invest in improvements they really need. —We had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of Dr. F. C. James, of Bethel, Pitt county, last week. He was attending the Medical Convention. He gave us some interesting local information.—Mrs. J. W. Albertson jr., is off on a visit to Portsmouth.—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, the new Pastor of the Baptist Church, is making a decidedly favorable impression.—The Entertainments at the Academy on Wednesday and Thursday nights, for the benefit of the new Presbyterian Church, were attended by appreciative audiences, and the Festival in the Church building was liberally patronized.—The floral decorations on Easter Sunday at the Methodist and Episcopal Churches were specially appropriate and beautiful.—Mr. Tim S. White has been seriously ill for several days.—Mr. G. A. Jackson, of the old Commission House of J. W. Wharton, of Philadelphia, called and paid the CAROLINIAN his respects yesterday. He is visiting the old patrons of Mr. Wharton in this locality.

Worse Than A Nuisance.

Raleigh Signal.

Our readers are aware that the authorities have entered into a contract with the Wetmore Shoe and Leather Company of this city by which said company is to employ convict labor, "beginning with 35 and going up to 300 convicts," in making shoes and to pay fifty cents a day for their labor.

A clause in the Democratic State platform of June last reads as follows, says the Charlotte Democrat:

"The Democratic party opposes any competition between free and convict labor, but it insists that convicts shall not remain idle at the expense of honest labor."

It is proper for us to say, that the Charlotte Democrat is opposed to the arrangement, and suggests that the platform be changed, so as to read, "that convicts shall not remain working on Wetmore shoes at the expense of honest labor."

Mr. Wetmore is understood as having said that the purpose of the company is "to sell to Northern jobbers."

Mr. N. B. Broughton is reported as being "mortified" at the action of the Penitentiary Board.

Colonel Polk is quoted as being convinced that it is wrong and unjust.

The Ashville Citizen "downs the move"

To convict the party out of their own mouths, of doing a grievous wrong to the honest labor. And the Wetmore Company fails to smoothe the matter over, by telling us that convict made shoes will be put in the hands of Northern jobbers—the ruse is too flimsy, in the face of the fact, that the stock is to seat North, will, most of it, find its way back to the shelves of Southern dealers for does such a move restore to the honest laborer the work which he surrendered to convict labor.

Shape Democratic platforms as they may—there is not the least respect paid it, after the power has been gained True, there are exceptions, as above given—but these are all outsiders—while the insiders, acting after the plan enunciated by Senator Vance on one occasion in this city, promises before an election mean nothing—after an election, mean something else

That the Penitentiary, is now, and always has been a State nuisance, cannot be denied. It has never been self-sustaining, and never will be, and therefore, we have been, and are now, firmly of the opinion, that the convicts should all be sent back to the respective counties from whence they came, and the Penitentiary grounds, buildings and tools, put up to the highest bidder. Then, our taxes would be reduced! Then the annual appropriations to feed and clothe evil doers at the expense of the State would cease. It has been beyond all dispute, proven a gigantic fraud—and it must be abolished.

Dupepsy.

This is what you ought to have in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are being spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions, and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Dupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Stomach, Kidneys, Sold at 50c and $1 per bottle by A. Wadsworth, Druggist.

SOCIETY NOTES.

BY MRS. H MURPHY.

Easter Sunday was a day of ideal loveliness. The new born leaves and blossoms of spring, brightened by the genial weather, gave forcible illustrations to the poet,s "smiling earth." Nature in Holiday costume seemed to have decorated garden, field and forest in wide-spread token of the Ressurection Day. Many a desolate and lonely spirit has been renewed to life and hope by thought inspired by the advent of spring, the Easter of the world of Nature. "If these trees renew their life, each year in perpetual miracle, if the rocks quicken in life, the wither'd moss to velvet green, if violets lift once more their modest eye, as it in appeal for sympathy, in their old forsaken paths, surely the hope of the Christian is not vain, the hope of the pre-Christian Job. "I believe that in my flesh, I shall see my God, I, myself, and not another,"—shall be justified some day!

Creecy Park is looking much better for the improvements still in progress. Only one thing is needful to make the walk over there from this city as delightful—in its own way—as the fasionable promenade on Pennsylvania Avenue. That is to improve the roads of course! What horrible mud lies in wait for dainty boots, and daintier new spring dresses! What narrow and uncertain planks act for bridges over many portions of the road! What an entrance! "The children are in real good health, but their faces are dirty" wrote an anxious father to their mother, a lady lecturer. The forthcoming advice, "well, wash them," seemed hardly needful.

The Milliner's Opening took place last week, and a number of pretty hats and bonnets gave testimony of the good taste displayed

Flowers will be worn more than for many previous seasons; perhaps one reason is that they are prettier than ever. Clusters of lillies of the valley, primroses, and other familiar garden beauties are profusely used though not to the exclusion of the long plume—of course not both on the same hat! Hats trimmed in New York and Baltimore styles are shown much to the satisfaction of patrons, even when they conclude to have their own hat differently trimmed. This subject will be renewed at an early date, when time has permitted me to visit the numerous Milliner's stores and further information acquired.

The Presbyterian Church held a festival last week, to augment the funds in the Treasury. It was quite a success in spite of the unpleasant weather. The church itself is a nice looking building, and commends itself to the neighborhood.

The long expected and much wished or "Doctors Week," was ushered in with weather fit for a Northern March, (almost.) The clerk of the weather was mad, not a doubt of it, the railroad accident and bad weather, arrived like Siamese twins in advance, but the sunny nature of such a number of the followers of Esculapius speaking figuratively, proved strong enough to dispel the storm; and the latter part of the week was all that could be wished.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutinal disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by J. F. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address J. F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

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Fowler & Co are selling Coats and Clarks O. N. Cotton 200 yards spool.

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To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay quired. It is guaranteed to give perfect satfection or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

Itch, Mange, and Scratches on humans or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by Griggs & Cartwright, Druggists, Elizabeth City.

—Fowler & Co. have a fine line of Carpets and Mattings just opened.

Are broken down from overwork or other causes **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE 22, TAKES EFFECT, MAR. 11, 1889.

Mail and Express (southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City [illegible] M. Norfolk, [illegible] at 3:00 P. M.

Accommodation daily, except Saturday, leaves [illegible] at [illegible] A. M.

Mail and Express (northbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves [illegible] at [illegible] P. M.

Accommodation daily, except Saturday, leaves [illegible] at [illegible] A. M.

The above trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, Perquimans, Little and Pasquotank rivers, Albemarle sound, Alligator, Pungo and Scuppernong rivers.

At [illegible] with steamboats for Edenton, Plymouth, Windsor, Jamesville, Williamston, Hamilton, Tarboro and Rocky Mount.

Norfolk Freight and Passenger Station at Norfolk and Portsmouth [illegible]

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale at all principal stations to all points North, East, South and West.

Through Cars, and no [illegible] between Norfolk and Baltimore, Washington and New York by Bay Line and Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R. and Steamer, and Norfolk and Washington Express Line between Norfolk and Washington. Through Cars between Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. S. KEES, General Manager.

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of steamers between Norfolk and all points in Eastern North Carolina, via Albemarle sound and canal.

Daily rail and steamer connections from Norfolk to City of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and no [illegible] between Norfolk and New York by Bay Line and Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac R. R. and Steamer, and Norfolk and Washington Express Line between Norfolk and Washington. Through Cars between Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

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SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Feb 14, 1889.

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The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet, and 16½ in width or beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide, secured with dingers, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this Office.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beam, the dimensions to be fixed by the Chief Engineer of the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROLLETTS, Superintendent.

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Would only serve to throw more light upon our HONEST METHODS of doing business, and bring us our full share of JUST APPRECIATION. We ask for comparison; we like them. Compare our Stock with any other in the City and you'll find

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YOUR ATTENTION IS ASKED

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☞ But it is not necessary to come to the Store to enjoy this privilege. You can order whatever you wish and know that you are paying the very lowest price for what you get.

☞ Tobaccos and Snuff at Factory Prices. Agent for Dupont's Powder,

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J. B. FLORA.

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HEALTH WAISTS, UNION UNDERGARMENTS, SKIRT SUSPENDERS, STOCKING SUPPORTERS.

All sorts of Healthful Garments, at reasonable prices.

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PACKAGE of SEMINAL PASTILLES, Over Ten Thousand Men have been restored to health by use of this remedy. Tested for Eight Years in many cases they absolutely restore prematurely lost and broken down men to the full enjoyment of life and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your case with statement of your trouble, and receive PACKAGE FREE, with Illustrated Pamphlet &c. RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

A vivid description of prevailing diseases of men, their causes and cure. Sent sealed for 10 cts. in stamps. Address as above.

TREATMENT,—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Cure, $7

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OKLAHOMA BOOMERS.

The Mad Rush of Settlers Across the Cherokee Strip.

Scenes and Incidents of the First Day's Exodus.

A dispatch from Arkansas City, Kan., describing the exodus of the boomers into Oklahoma, says: Acting under orders from the War Department, the United States troops allowed the boomers to cross the Cherokee outlet on their way to Oklahoma, so as to enable them to reach the border of the territory on the opening date. Miles of white covered wagons toiled along the road but deep in the mire. All of the boomers were, as a rule, heavily armed.

At 8 o'clock in the morning Captain Hayes, at the head of his column, blew a long bugle blast as a signal for the assembled boomers to start, and immediately a thousand wagons and five hundred men, women and children began the long and wearisome journey on the Pawnee trail across the Cherokee strip for Oklahoma.

Just before the start was made Captain Hayes made a brief speech to the boomers, reminding them of their pledge not to interfere with cattlemen's fences or Indian villages in the Pawnee and Ponco reservations.

The rush across the Indian Territory line into the Cherokee strip was like the awful rush of multitudes fleeing in panic. Within a radius of six miles over twelve hundred wagons loaded with boomers and their families and household goods were seen on their way to Oklahoma.

Two soldiers stood on guard at each side of the gateway, and at 6:50, the front teams becoming unmanageable, the word to advance was given, and immediately E. W. Morgan, a Kansan, who had spent all his life in new countries, crossed the line, the first man to legally do so. A short distance behind him followed a wagon in which E. Martin, of Sangamon County, Ill., and a member of Company I, Second Illinois Cavalry, carried the unfurled Stars and Stripes. Then rolled in the boomers' white-covered wagons. At nine o'clock the head of the columns appeared over the divide, five miles below the line, while to the north as far as the eye could reach the wagons could be still seen coming.

By noon the road had become so badly cut up as to be almost impassable. Teams stuck in the mud, delaying the line of march, and other horses were brought into requisition. At the side of the roadway rode and toiled a string of women and children, whom the overburdened team could not haul. In many of the wagons were carried boats for crossing the streams, and one man for his wagon-bed had a flatboat, upon which was erected a tent.

At one point one unbroken line of covered wagons ten miles long could be seen pushing on through the Cherokee strip, and every road was literally blocked with wagons, carts and horsemen, while thousands of men were wearily wending their way on foot, regardless of the mud and water. The roads were so badly cut up that wagons were getting stuck in mudholes, and all over the country was heard the shouts of the impatient drivers urging their exhausted animals forward.

Some men whose wagons were heavily loaded threw away part of their loads so they would not be left behind in the rush.

As the strange procession passed the Chilloco Indian school little Indian girls greeted it with cheers. The skipper of the neatest schooner of the fleet was pretty Ella Blackburn, of Quincy, Ill., and her crew of three sisters. They were dressed in calico gowns and old-fashioned sun bonnets. These girls were going for homes in Oklahoma and they said they would not return without them even if they had to marry boomers. They carried two Winchester rifles.

The Indians were coming in from the reservation in large numbers and were buying ammunition and arms. They say Oklahoma is not large enough for the number of whites going in, and that encroachments will be made on their curtailed territory.

About ten miles north of Kiowa, Kan., two boomers claimed the same quarter section, and one, George Kramer, undertook to put the other, Charles Heidke, off the land. Both men drew revolvers and Kramer was shot through the head and instantly killed. Heidke was shot through the groin.

A Mr. Fitzgerald and wife attempted to drive across the line and both lost their lives in the river.

Mr. Mason, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has decided that under the recent act of Congress and the proclamation of the President in relation to Oklahoma, it ceases to be "Indian country," and that special tax stamps may be sold to wholesale and retail liquor dealers, to engage in business there, under the same terms and regulations as in other States and Territories of the United States.

A WIFE MURDERER'S END.

John H. Swift Hanged at Hartford—His Sister's Unavailing Efforts.

John H. Swift has been hanged at Hartford, Conn., for the murder of his wife. The execution was a very quiet one, and the condemned man died quietly. The dead man's crime was committed on July 7, 1887, when he shot his wife, who had refused to live with him on account of his dissolute habits. Public attention has been attracted to Swift's case by the gallant fight made for his life by his sister, a young school teacher. Through her efforts a resolution was passed by the Legislature commuting the sentence to life imprisonment, but Governor Bulkeley vetoed it. Undaunted, the brave girl again went to work and succeeded in having the resolution passed over the Governor's veto by the Senate. In the House she failed, however, and sentence was carried out.

BITTEN BY A MONKEY.

A Princess Going to Paris to be Treated by Pasteur.

The Paris *Gaulois* says that the Princess of Sagan, a noted leader of fashion, was bitten a short time ago by a pet monkey, which has since died from hydrophobia. The Princess, the paper says, is about to visit Paris for the purpose of putting herself under the care of M. Pasteur, the noted hydrophobia expert.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

MIKE KELLY will captain Boston.

THE Texas League has opened its season.

ALL the pitchers have new curves this season.

THOMPSON, of Philapelphia, is a failure on first base.

FOUTZ has been elected captain of the Brooklyn team.

SEVEN of Hartford (Conn's.) players are left-handed batsmen.

MORRILL, late of Boston, has signed to play with Washington.

JUDGE NOONAN, who was elected Mayor of St. Louis, is a baseball crank.

BOND, the old-time pitcher, is official umpire for the Intercollegiate Association.

THE Atlanta (Ga.) Club is negotiating with Monk Cline, who is wanted as captain-manager.

PRINCETON has thus far made the best showing of all the college teams against professional clubs.

CRANE, the New York pitcher, was sunstruck while crossing the equator with the Spalding tourists.

CORKHILL, O'Brien and Burns—all of the Brooklyns—make about the best outfield in the American Association.

MANAGER PHILLIPS, of the Pittsburg League team, thinks the Cincinnatis will capture the Association pennant.

THE St. Louis Club and the players who have been holding out for an increase of wages have come to an agreement.

THE rate offered the Southern League by the railroads is two cents a mile. The different teams will travel about 19,000 miles during the season.

GEORGE WOODS fine playing on the trip around the world will probably cause the Philadelphia management to put him on the team permanently.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, offers $100 a month, and all expenses, for some good American ball-players to go there and teach the natives how to play baseball.

VON DER AHE, of St. Louis, has more luck with beginners than any other manager in the business. His latest "find," Pitcher Freeman, promises to make a record.

AMES, of Princeton College, is undoubtedly a pitching wonder. He has the most wonderful drop-ball of any pitcher in the business, whether amateur or professional.

THE leather used in covering baseballs is tanned at Covington, Ky. The popular impression prevails that baseballs are covered with either horse hide or pig skin, whereas egg-tanned sheep skin is the cover most used.

HONEST JOHN MORRILL, of Washington, is one of the five players still in the League who were with the organization when it first started. The others are Hines, of Indianapolis; O'Rourke, of the New Yorks; Anson, of Chicago, and White, now assigned to Pittsburg.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

GEORGE CALDER, proprietor of the Fulton Cotton Mill at Lancaster, Penn., has made an assignment. Liabilities $150,000.

THE thirty wood acid manufacturers of the United States met in Binghamton, N. Y., and an association in the nature of a trust was formed.

INTENSE excitement was created in shipping circles at New York on Saturday by the receipt of a dispatch announcing that the Danish steamer Danmark, of the Thingvalla line, had been passed in mid-ocean in a wrecked condition, with no one on board. The Danmark had sailed from Denmark with 732 souls—of whom 650 were passengers—on board. The agents of the line at New York believed that the people on board had all been picked up by a passing vessel.

AN explosion of gas occurred in the Grant Tunnel mine at Nanticoke, Penn., causing the instant death of Charles Hogas, a fire boss, and Evan Maddie, pump runner.

THE Commodore Bateman, a pilot boat, was cut in twain off the Georgia Banks, Nantucket, R. I., by the steamer Sneva, and Pilot John Handrau, of Brooklyn, and a colored cook named Harry Halford were drowned.

A CYCLONE struck the mining town of Beidler, Penn., and demolished six dwellings.

EX-CONGRESSMAN S. B. CHITTENDEN died at his home in Brooklyn. He was sixty-eight years old and was worth $5,000,000.

GENERAL CHARLES KINNAIRD GRAHAM, of the United States Army, died of pneumonia, at the Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., aged sixty-five.

THE Conshohocken Worsted Company, of Philadelphia, has made an assignment. The company operates three mills and the monthly pay-roll amounted to about $35,000. Liabilities $600,000.

MRS. RUMMAGE, of Pittston, Penn., overcome by grief, committed suicide by jumping into a reservoir. Her son committed suicide a year ago, and her husband was killed by lightning last September.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has declined the post of one of the Commissioners of the New High Bridge Park, to which he was recently appointed by a New York Judge.

DR. SAMUEL W. GROSS, the eminent physician and surgeon of Philadelphia, has just died.

GENERAL SEIGEL has sent to Commissioner Tanner his resignation as Pension Agent at New York city, to take effect upon the appointment of his successor.

JUDGE WALLACE'S order dissolving the injunction of the Western Union Company was recorded in the United States Circuit Court. On Mayor Grant's order the Bureau of Incumbrances, of New York city, tore down the wires and poles on Broadway from Fourteenth street to Twentieth, and were to continue on until Fifty-eighth street was reached.

South and West.

LUMBERTON, Ala., fifty-five miles north of Mobile, has been totally destroyed by fire.

AN extremely malignant and mysterious disease resembling in some respects scarlet fever has broken out in Illinois. A dozen cases have proved fatal. The disease usually runs its course within thirty-six hours.

MEREDITH STANLEY jumped from the Cincinnati Southern Railroad bridge over the Kentucky River. The height of the bridge is 285 feet. He jumped into twelve feet of water and was uninjured.

THE "Orange Belt" Railroad, from St. Petersburg, on Tampa Bay (154 miles) to Sanford, Fla., has been formally opened.

THE world's conference of the Latter Day Saints or Mormons at St. Joseph, Mo., has adjourned. The next conference will be held April 6, 1890, at Lamar, Iowa.

LAW PRINCE, colored, of Savannah, Ga., in a fit of religious frenzy, killed his four-year-old child.

THE United States Grand Jury at Port Townshead, Washington Territory, have found twenty-five indictments against William Harned, ex-Special Deputy Collector; eleven against Herbert F. Beecher, ex-Treasury Agent, and twelve against Quincy A. Brooks for stealing from the Government.

JOHN P. USHER, of Kansas, Secretary of the Interior under President Lincoln, died at the University Hospital, in Philadelphia, while undergoing a surgical operation.

THE subscription for the Georgia Confederate Home, started at Atlanta, reached $35,000 in a week's time.

JOHN JACKSON, President and proprietor of the St. Louis Grain Elevator Company, and a prominent and wealthy citizen, committed suicide by hanging in the office of the elevator.

EDDIE GALLERY, eleven years old, of Chicago, was accidentally shot and killed by his mother.

CHARLES F. HATCH, President of the Wisconsin, Minnesota and Pacific Railway Company, and P. E. Lockwood, a real estate dealer and capitalist, formerly of New York, both committed suicide in Minneapolis, Minn.

THE Governor of South Carolina has granted a full pardon to two colored lynchers convicted of murder, his ground being that they had simply followed the example of white men, who had never been punished.

DAVID LINDSAY, a farmer over sixty years old, living near Ann Arbor, Mich., shot and killed his adult son in a drunken quarrel.

GUS SUNDERLAND, a colored boy, living at Mosely, S. C., was left by his mother to take care of a younger brother, and getting tired of the job, put a rope around the baby's neck and hung it to the rafter of the house. The child was dead when found.

A CYCLONE swept over Montgomery, County, Ala. Two men were instantly killed by lightning and several others were shocked and seriously injured. Houses were blown down and damage done to young corn and cotton crops.

A TERRIBLE forest fire in Patrick County, Va., swept everything before it. One man, six horses, a large number of hogs and cattle, and about 200 dwellings and tobacco barns were consumed. Many poor people are left in a destitute condition.

JAMES A. SEXTON has been appointed Postmaster at Chicago.

W. H. PETTIT, aged seventy-two, his wife and his son, Washington, got into a fight at Kearney, Neb., over a loaded gun. The fight ended when the gun went off and blew the old man's head to atoms.

THE schooner Rio Lupton capsized in Albermarle Sound, N. C. The Captain and one of the crew were drowned.

CHARLES FUNK, a cigar manufacturer, of Kankakee, Ill., shot his divorced wife fatally and then killed himself.

THIRTY-FIVE residences and business houses in Muir, Mich., were burned.

A WONDERFULLY rich discovery of copper was made at Duluth, Minn., by workmen excavating for a public building site.

Washington.

THE President made the following appointments: Henry S. White, of West Virginia, to be Marshal of that State; Lyman E. Knapp, of Middlebury, Vt., to be Governor of Alaska; James P. Luce, of Dakota, to be Register of the land office at Rapid City, Dakota; Thomas W. Reed, Jr., of Washington Territory, to be Register of the land office at Seattle, Washington.

THE Secretary of State has been informed that the Government of the Argentine Republic will send delegates to the conference of American States to be held in Washington on the 4th of October next.

W. H. H. SMITH has been appointed Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Department.

HON. ALLEN G. THURMAN, of Ohio, had a social conference with President Harrison at the White House.

E. G. RATHBONE, of Cincinnati, has been appointed Chief of Postoffice Inspection.

THE total amount of bonds purchased to date under the circular of April 17, is $135,786,500, of which $55,998,550 were four per cents and $79,792,500 were 4½ per cents. The total cost of these bonds was $158,332,441, of which amount $71,932,264 was paid for the four per cents and $86,400,177 was paid for the 4½ per cents.

MRS. J. C. FEBEGER, wife of Admiral Febeger, of the United States Navy, was thrown from her carriage in Washington and killed.

THE Samoan Commissioners started for Berlin. Secretary Blaine's instructions insist on the maintenance of Samoan independence. The United States will pay no indemnity.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER presented to the Supreme Court the resolutions of the Bar on the death of Justice Matthews and made an appropriate speech, to which Chief Justice Fuller replied, and the resolutions were spread upon the records.

REAR ADMIRAL WILLIAM ROGERS TAYLOR, United States Navy, retired, died in Washington. He was born at Newport, R. I., November 7, 1811, and entered the navy as a midshipman in 1828.

THE Chinese Minister gave a gorgeous spread at Washington to the Cabinet and a host of high officials. A magnificent display of roses was one of the features of the banquet.

PRESIDENT HARRISON, accompanied by Mrs. Harrison and her guest, Miss Murphy, of Minneapolis, and Secretaries Blaine and Windom, went down the Potomac for a day's ride on the lighthouse tender Holly. The little vessel steamed for a distance of about forty miles, and then returned to the wharf, which was reached about six o'clock. Before leaving the President received the Chicago and All America baseball clubs in the East Room.

THE President has appointed William P. Hepburn, of Iowa, Solicitor of the Treasury, and William H. Whiteman, of Mexico, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico.

UPON the authority of Russell Harrison, the President's son, it is stated that the White House inmates suffer from a plague of red ants.

THE annual session of the National Academy of Sciences was begun in Washington.

Foreign.

THE French Senate, in full regalia, sitting at Luxembourg, began the trial of General Boulanger for sedition.

VIOLENT earthquakes were reported in Epirus, Greece.

THE American bark C. D. Bryant was seized by the Hawaiian Government at Honolulu for smuggling opium.

FOUR of the men arrested on the charge of being implicated in the derailment of President Diaz's train a few weeks ago, near Monterey, Mexico, have been shot. The execution was carried out very quietly.

SIR CHARLES RUSSELL finished his speech in behalf of the Parnellites before the Parnell Commission.

A CONFLICT of a serious character has broken out at Demerara, South America, between the blacks and the Portuguese. The shops of the Portuguese, who are the principal tradesmen, have been sacked. The estimated loss is more than $100,000.

GREAT distress is prevailing on the Isthmus of Panama.

EDITOR WILLIAM O'BRIEN has entered a libel action against Lord Salisbury, the British Premier, for certain remarks made by the latter in a recent speech at Watford.

THE Empress of Austria is insane. She suffers from long spells of melancholia and entertains delusions, accusing herself of the death of Crown Prince Rudolph. She is possessed with ideas of suicide, thinking to leave the Emperor free to remarry.

JOHN ALBERT BRIGHT, the candidate of the Liberal Unionists, was elected to succeed his father, the late John Bright, as representative of Birmingham in Parliament. Mr. Bright received 5610 votes, against 2560 votes for William C Beale, the Gladstonian candidate.

GABRIEL DUMONT, the late leader in the Riel rebellion in the Northwest Territory, has arrived again on the scene of the 1885 battles, and is addressing meetings of half-breeds, urging them to press their grievances upon the Canadian Government.

AT Ruatan, Jamaica, West Indies, the Rev. Henry Hobson, his wife and her companion, a young girl, all natives of Jamaica, were murdered by Joseph Bures.

MR. GOSCHEN, Chancellor of the British Exchequer, laid before the House the budget for the coming financial year. It shows a deficit of $10,000,000. This Mr. Goschen proposes to fill up by an increase of the death duties and a slight increase in the duty on beer.

COUNT HERBERT BISMARCK and Councillor Kranel will be German delegates to the Samoan Conference.

AN election was held in Rochester, England, to fill the Parliamentary seat rendered vacant by the resignation of Colonel Hughes-Hallet. The balloting resulted in favor of Mr. Hugessen, the Gladstonian candidate.

THE police of Paris have searched the residences of General Boulanger, Count Dillon and M. Rochefort and have seized a number of papers.

AT Buenos Ayres the National Government has closed the Bolsa because of disobedience to the decree issued a few days ago forbidding speculation in gold, and great was the excitement among the aggrieved brokers.

MR. PARNELL has instituted a suit against the London *Times* for libel, claiming $500,000 damages.

VAULTS FULL OF MONEY.

Counting the Millions in the United States Sub-Treasury.

Assistant Treasurer Ellis H. Roberts has begun his official duties at the United States Sub-Treasury in New York, and as required by law there is to be an official count of all the money turned over to his charge.

The count of the cash in the Treasury vaults was begun by fifteen experts from Washington, under the direction of Assistant Cashier J. F. Meliac, of the United States Treasury. The work started with the counting of the paper money, gold and silver certificates and United States Treasury notes, which aggregate about $25,000,000. Beside the paper money there are $108,000,000 of gold and $32,000,000 silver to be counted, in addition to United States bonds and other securities. The work of counting this immense sum of money will occupy from three weeks to a month, when the Assistant Treasurer will give his receipt for the amount in the vaults.

QUEER RAILROAD WRECK.

A Freight Train Sinks Into a Fallen-in Coal Mine.

A remarkable freight wreck occurred on the Cairo Short Line, two miles from Belleville, Ill., the other morning. A freight train was running toward Belleville. The track was clear ahead, when suddenly, without any warning, the road-bed began to sink, and the engineer and fireman felt themselves rapidly dropping below the surface of the surrounding country. They jumped for their lives, and both escaped with a few bruises. The engine and train went down a distance of ten feet and a terrific wreck followed. The cars, engine and freight were smashed and destroyed in the earth. As soon as the frightened trainmen could recover their wits, they learned that the train was over Marsh's coal mine, and that the mine had caved it. Along the track for a distance of 100 feet the road had sunk from eight to ten feet. Two brakemen, who went down with the wreck, were seriously hurt.

FIVE MEN DROWNED.

A Whole Party Lost Through One Man's Lack of Nerve.

At the Alabama Midland crossing of the Cattahoochee River, near Bainbridge, Ga., two boats, with seven and eight men respectively, were crossing the river, when one of the boats commenced sinking, and one of the men jumped to the other boat and capsized both boats. Five men were drowned. They had been breaking rock for the Alabama Midland bridge.

THE Machinery Palace at the Paris Exposition has 6000 tons of iron in it, is 1390 feet long and 150 feet high; it cost $600,000. It is the biggest thing of the kind ever built.

THE MARKETS.

16 NEW YORK.

Beeves	3	95	@ 5	10
Milch Cows, com. to good	25	00	@45	00
Calves, common to prime	4	00	@ 6	30
Sheep	3	50	@ 6	50
Lambs	3	50	@ 5	25
Hogs—Live	5	00	@ 5	40
Dressed			@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4	45	@ 4	65
Patents	5	10	@ 6	50
Wheat—No. 2 Red		88¾	@	88
Rye—State		58	@	60
Barley—Two-rowed State		85	@	90
Corn—Ungraded Mixed		41	@	44
Oats—No. 1 White		—	@	39
Mixed Western		30	@	33
Hay—No. 1		80	@	95
Straw—Long Rye		70	@	75
Lard—City Steam		—	@	6.75c
Butter—Elgin Creamery		—	@	27½
Dairy, fair to good		20	@	24
West. Im. Creamery		17	@	23
Factory		10	@	20
Cheese—State Factory		8	@	11¾
Skims—Light		5	@	8
Western		9	@	10½
Eggs—State and Penn		13	@	12½

BUFFALO.

Steers—Western	2	80	@ 4	25
Sheep—Medium to Good	3	25	@ 4	75
Lambs—Fair to Good	5	25	@ 6	00
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	5	00	@ 5	05
Flour—Family	5	00	@ 5	25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern		—	@	92¼
Corn—No. 3, Yellow		—	@	38¾
Oats—No. 2, White		—	@	32½
Barley—No. 1 Canada		70	@	72

BOSTON.

Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	6	40	@ 6	90
Corn—Steamer Yellow		—	@	46½
Oats—No. 2 White		32	@	40
Rye—State		65	@	70

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

Beef—Dressed weight		4	@	6½
Sheep—Live weight		5½	@	6½
Lambs		4½	@	6⅝
Hogs—Northern		5¾	@	6

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Penn. family	4	50	@ 4	75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, April		91	@	92
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, April		41½	@	42
Oats—Ungraded White		—	@	33½
Potatoes—Early Rose		23	@	38
Butter—Creamery Extra		—	@	27
Cheese—Part skims		6	@	8

Lost in the Storm.

One of our leading editors clipped from a leading magazine extracts from a vivid description of a Western blizzard which we have taken the liberty to publish, and at the same time suggest to H. H. Warner & Co., the proprietors of the celebrated Warner's Safe Cure, the feasibility of taking therefrom an extract for the introduction of one of their telling advertisements. The following is the description:

"At the close of a dark day in January a solitary horseman wends his way across the open prairie in one of our Western territories. He passes at long intervals the lone cabin of the hardy frontiersman. Two or three old settlers, of whom he has inquired the way, have warned him that a storm is approaching, and one of them, with true Western hospitality, urges him to find shelter in his cabin for the night. But he declines the proffered kindness and urges his tired horse forward. *** The sky grows suddenly dark. *** He decides to seek shelter. *** The storm increases in its fury. *** The rider dismounts to warm his fast chilling limbs. *** Can scarcely breathe. Blindness comes on. Drowsiness steals over him. The end is near. *** He is lost in the blizzard."

There is no doubt that the terror which seizes the bewildered traveler is similar to that which overcomes one when he learns that he is suffering from an advanced Kidney Disease, and is informed that he is in the last stages of Bright's disease. At first he is informed that he has a slight kidney affection. Later he begins to feel tired. Slight headache. Fickle appetite. Failure of the eye-sight. Cramp in the calf of the legs. Wakefulness. Distressing nervousness. Rheumatic and neuralgic pains. Occasionally pain in the back. Scanty, dark colored fluids, with scalding sensation. Gradual failure of strength.

Any of the above symptoms signify Kidney Affection, but he is told that he is all right. His physician treats him for symptoms and calls it a disease, when in reality it is but a symptom of Kidney trouble. He may be treated for Rheumatic or Neuralgic pains, heart affection, or any other disease which he is most susceptible to. Finally the patient has puffing under the eyes, slight bloating of the ankles and legs. His physician may inform him that it is but the accumulation of blood in his ankles for want of proper exercise.

The bloat continues and reaches his body. Then he is informed he has dropsical troubles, and is tapped once or twice. He notices it is difficult to breathe owing to irregular action of the heart, and finally is informed that he has a slight attack of Bright's Disease. Soon his friends are notified that his is an advanced case of Bright's Disease, and that he can live but a short time. His honorable and dignified physician asks for counsel. It is too late. Still he sticks to the old family physician, and the physician knows and has known from the beginning that the patient has been stricken with death for months, for he knows full well that the profession acknowledge they have no remedies for the cure of Kidney Disease.

At last the patient suffocates—is smothered—and dies from dropsical trouble. Or perhaps the disease may not take the form of a dropsical tendency, and the patient dies from apoplexy, paralysis, pneumonia or heart trouble. Or it may take the form of blood poisoning. In each form the end is the same. And yet he and his friends were warned by the proprietors of the celebrated remedy known as Warner's Safe Cure, of the lurking dangers of a slight Kidney affection.

The newspapers have published the dangers. Columns of facts have been printed of men dying of advanced Kidney Disease or Bright's Disease. His friends and physician look around with horror and regret for seeming neglect, but he is lost. He did not heed the warning that a storm was approaching. He declined the proffered hospitality, and recklessly went forward into danger. He struggled manfully for a time, but his strength failed, he grew gradually weaker and he was lost to the world. Not in a blizzard, but from the terrible malady which is almost daily occurring in every community, and which is doctored as a symptom instead of what it is—a mortal disease unless properly treated.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

THE Duchess of Cambridge is dead.

THE Prince of Wales wears green kids.

THE Queen of Greece is a clever artist.

EX-KING MILAN wears a steel undershirt.

THE Princess of Wales is forty-four years old.

JOHN G. WHITTIER, the poet, is eighty-four.

THE Queen Dowager of Bavaria is dying of dropsy.

THE Empress of Austria suffers from insomnia.

THE Duke of Westminster is worth $80,000,000.

CARDINAL MANNING'S health is daily improving.

EX-SENATOR WARNER MILLER is worth $5,000,000.

ARMOUR, the Chicago butcher, is worth $25,000,000.

EVANGELIST MOODY is conducting a revival in Chicago.

SENATOR BERRY, of Missouri, began life as a plowboy.

GENERAL RUSSELL A. ALGER, of Detroit, is worth $5,000,000.

THE freedom of Edinburgh has been tendered to Mr. Parnell.

CLAUS SPRECKELS, the sugar king, is rated as high as $20,000,000.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR CHASE, of Indiana, is conducting revival meetings in Covington, Ky.

NEAL DOW, the Prohibitionist, has been appointed a Commissioner for Maine to the Paris Exposition.

IT is said that Mrs. Frank Leslie, of New York city, receives an offer of marriage nearly every day in the year.

ALLEN THORNDIKE RICE, Minister to Russia, was kidnapped at the tender age of eight years and carried off to Europe.

UNITED STATES SENATOR STANFORD and Mrs. Stanford, and Justice and Mrs. Field will presently set out for Alaska.

THE Right Honorable William Henry Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, is about to be raised to the British peerage.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND caught a ninety-four pound tarpon in Laconhatchee Creek, in the Indian River region of Florida.

EX-ATTORNEY-GENERAL GARLAND has hung out his shingle, and will spend the rest of his days in Washington practicing law.

COLONEL WASHBURN, the new Minister to Switzerland, is not only said to be the handsomest man in Massachusetts, but he is something of a poet as well.

THE widow of General Grant will accompany her son, Colonel F. D. Grant, to Austria, when he goes there as United States Minister.

GENERAL WILLIAM S. HARNEY, the famous Indian fighter, is living at Jacksonville, Fla., and possesses good health, although eighty-nine years old.

MISSES HATTIE BLAINE, Florence Windom, Miss Miller and Miss Proctor will be the cabinet families' contribution to the Washington debutantes next winter.

ONE of the most successful lawyers at Atlanta, Ga., is Charles H. J. Taylor, a colored man, who began life as a bootblack. He formerly practised law in Boston.

CORPORAL TANNER, the new Commissioner of Pensions, entered the Union army when only seventeen years old. He lost both of his legs at the second battle of Bull Run.

SENATOR BERRY, of Arkansas, was a soldier in the Confederate army at the tender age of sixteen. He lost a leg at Shiloh, and after the war became a school teacher in Carroll County, Ark.

GOVERNOR BIGGS, of Delaware, owns a dozen peach farms, is heavily interested in several railroads, and is the possessor of wealth in other forms. He does not show this in his dress, however, for he wears a swallow-tail coat, low-cut vest, and wide trousers, all of the style of forty years ago, while a high white hat covers his head.

ST. JACOBS OIL
FOR NEURALGIA
Neuralgia and Paralysis—Nov., 1880—Cured.
Springfield, Tenn.
My wife suffered 18 months with neuralgia and paralysis. I had to move her in bed, and could find no relief. By the time she had used two-thirds of a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil she could walk.
JOS. P. MURPHY.
From Same 6 Years Later—Permanent Cure.
Springfield, Tenn., Oct. 17, 1888.
My wife was paralyzed, and could not walk a step. Before I used a bottle St. Jacobs Oil she was about the house. She is now entirely well; does all the house work and milking too. JOS. P. MURPHY.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co., Balto., Md.

ELY'S CREAM BALM,
Price 50 Cents,
WILL CURE
CATARRH.
THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c
Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

DO YOU SEE THIS.
I WANT to hear only from sensible men and women that are tired of bogus, deceptive, Non-Sensical advertisements, offering much for nothing. That are willing to pay, honest work for liberal pay. (Not peddling). Address FRANKLIN PUTNAM, 443 Canal St., N.Y.

A SON'S QUADRUPLE CRIME.

Patricide, Arson, Assault and Suicide by the Same Hand.

At West Farms, a hamlet about five miles from Westfield, Mass., Joseph King, aged seventy-eight, a whip manufacturer for half a century, well-to-do and highly respected, was shot while sleeping in his bed by his dissipated son of forty-four years.

After shooting his father he attempted to kill his aged maiden aunt, Miss Cynthia Tuttle. He then burned down the house, and three hours later, within a dozen rods of the burned buildings and within hearing of the neighbors who were about to institute a search for the murderer, put a bullet through his own brain.

Where had stood a peaceful dwelling, nothing but a few charred embers remained, and a few rods distant, in a small deserted house, lay the dead bodies of father and son. The father had pistol-wounds in chest, neck and eye, either of which would have been fatal. The son had a ball through his temple.

WON KWANG PEI, formerly of the Chinese Embassy at Washington and now in Shanghai, advocates the expulsion of every American in the service of China as a reprisal for the exclusion of Chinamen from America.

The Fakir and Faking.

The verb "to fake" and its present participle "faking" are going into more general use day by day. The origin of the word is obvious enough, so that newspaper readers have not been treated to any etymological or historical disquisitions on this head as is the case with the expression "in the soup." It of course comes from a free use of the noun "fakir," who in his pristine impurity belongs to the distant and perfumed Orient, but who is now to be found, or at least United States reproductions of him are to be discovered, along Nassau street vending all sorts of articles, which usually bear every evidence of having been manufactured in a hurry. "Faking," therefore, is to do something without proper material and frequently without proper skill. The word has been more generally adopted by the theatrical profession than any other, and is applied to performances that are to a great extent unprerediated either because the lines of the dialogue or business have been forgotten by the player or have never been learned. "One curious thing about faking," said a well-known player the other day, "is that the audiences are frequently much better pleased with the result than if the performance was honest and conscientious to the last degree. Take the case of dancing for example. I can go on the stage and do a very difficult step dance, employing steps and doing intricate combinations which I am only able to do after a long and arduous practice. The audience looks at the performance thinks it very neat and pretty, but there is no enthusiasm, and when I am finished there is no applause. Then I will go on the stage and come down with some quaint hanky-panky steps that require no skill whatever and that I can teach to any boy in ten minutes and the audience will simply howl with delight."—*New York Mail and Express.*

The Queer Mongolian Drama.

Descriptions of playgoing in China and Japan are not uncommon, but it often happens that the writer, not being used to the ways of the stage, misses many interesting and amusing points. Mr. Louis Wingfield, however, is an experienced playgoer who knows all about the theatre, and what he has to tell us in his new book, "Wanderings of a Globe Trotter," is therefore specially diverting and instructive. The Chinese players have not their exits and their entrances, for instance. There are always many on the stage who have nothing to do with the play, Mr. Wingfield says. Servants—coolies—stroll about the stage also, placing and removing properties, and changing the labels which hang on the walls announcing "This is a wood," or "This is a palace." These servants are conventionally understood to be invisible." "The Chinese," the "Globe Trotter says, "carry the principle of convention bewilderingly far. A set code of attitudes and movements are understood by a pigtailed audience to indicate certain things. Thus, a rising of one leg and a half turn (vaguely suggesting the act of getting into the saddle) implies that the character is on horseback; a crescendo of gong beating, and a quick walk round, informs spectators that the performers have moved to another place—what place is told on the changed label. A lady who is supposed to be sewing goes through the required actions, but imagines needle and thread." Yet the gesture is commended, the by-play is said to be excellently suggestive, and the facial expression, so far as the yellow visage of the Mongol is capable of it, is appropriate.

Sovereign Remedy for Sleeplessness.

Captain Henry Bass, of Rome, Ga., has a sovereign remedy for sleeplessness. "It is," he says, "as simple as it is effectual. I order for my supper a good supply of fresh meat (sausage is fine), and see that there is plenty of it prepared; don't be uneasy for fear of hurting yourself, but eat plenty of biscuits, drink two cups of coffee, a glass or two of milk and go to bed; don't sit up and read two or three hours, but go at once to bed, and I will guarantee a good night's sleep."

Would You Believe
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all Throat and Lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle Free at all druggists'. Large Size 50c and $1.

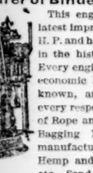
DAKOTA Indians are amusing themselves by carrying off white men and hiding them.

A Radical Cure for Epileptic Fits.
To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease which I warrant to cure the worst cases. So strong is my faith in its virtues that I will send free a sample bottle and valuable treatise to any sufferer who will give me his P. O. and Express address. Respy., H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

Catarrh Cured.
A clergyman, after years of suffering from that loathsome disease, Catarrh, and vainly trying every known remedy, at last found a prescription which completely cured and saved him from death. Any sufferer from this dreadful disease sending a self-addressed stamped envelope to Prof. J. A. Lawrence, 88 Warren St., N. Y., will receive the recipe free of charge.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

SSS
THE WORLD COUGHT
The world ought to done for me in the cure which was so bad as to ble by the physicians went to the factory. Sent me a copy of an adver- Swift's Specific, and I relief from the first few gradually forced out of my system, and I was soon cured sound and months since I quit taking had no sign of return of the dreadful disease.
SSS
TO KNOW IT,
know what S. S. S. has of a malignant Cancer, be considered incurable in Chicago, where I of my neighbors sent tisement in regard to began taking it. I got doses; the poison was ing S. S. S. and I have
MRS. ANN BOTHWELL
Au Sable, Mich., Dec. 29, '88.
Send for books on Blood Diseases and Cancers, mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

The New Baxter Engine, Rope and Twine Machinery, and Manufacturer of Binder Twine, etc.

This engine is made with all latest improvements from 1 to 15 H. P. and has a record unsurpassed in the history of steam motors. Every engine is provided with all economic and safety appliances known, and are warranted in every respect. Every description of Rope and Cordage, Twine and Bagging Machinery. And also manufacturer of Jute Bagging, Hemp and Flax Binder Twine, etc. Send for circulars. Address JOSE